SERVICE & OPERATING MANUAL

Original Instructions





Safety Information



Read the safety warnings and instructions in this manual before pump installation and start-up. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual could damage the pump and void factory warranty.



When the pump is used for materials that tend to settle out or solidify, the pump should be flushed after each use to prevent damage. In freezing temperatures the pump should be completely drained between uses.

IMPORTANT



Before pump operation, inspect all fasteners for loosening caused by gasket creep. Retighten loose fasteners to prevent leakage. Follow recommended torques stated in this manual.



Nonmetallic pumps and plastic components are not UV stabilized. Ultraviolet radiation can damage these parts and negatively affect material properties. Do not expose to UV light for extended periods of time.



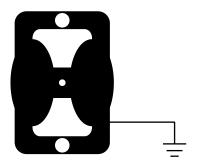
WARNING

The use of non-OEM replacement parts will void (or negate) agency certifications, including CE, ATEX, CSA, 3A and EC1935 compliance (Food Contact Materials). Warren Rupp, Inc. cannot ensure nor warrant non-OEM parts to meet the stringent requirements of the certifying agencies.

RECYCLING

Many components of SANDPIPER® AODD pumps are made of recyclable materials. We encourage pump users to recycle worn out parts and pumps whenever possible, after any hazardous pumped fluids are thoroughly flushed.

Grounding ATEX Pumps



ATEX compliant pumps are suitable for use in explosive atmospheres when the equipment is properly grounded in accordance with local electrical codes. Pumps equipped with electrically conductive diaphragms are suitable for the transfer of conductive or non-conductive fluids of any explosion group. When operating pumps equipped with non-conductive diaphragms that exceed the maximum permissible projected area, as defined in EN 13463-1: 2009 section 6.7.5 table 9, the following protection methods must be applied:

- · Equipment is always used to transfer electrically conductive fluids or
- · Explosive environment is prevented from entering the internal portions of the pump, i.e. dry running

For further guidance on ATEX applications, please consult the factory.

A WARNING



When used for toxic or aggressive fluids, the pump should always be flushed clean prior to disassembly.



Before maintenance or repair, shut off the compressed air line, bleed the pressure, and disconnect the air line from the pump. Be certain that approved eye protection and protective clothing are worn at all times. Failure to follow these recommendations may result in serious injury or death.



Airborne particles and loud noise hazards. Wear eye and ear protection.



In the event of diaphragm rupture, pumped material may enter the air end of the pump, and be discharged into the atmosphere. If pumping a product that is hazardous or toxic, the air exhaust must be piped to an appropriate area for safe containment.



Take action to prevent static sparking. Fire or explosion can result, especially when handling flammable liquids. The pump, piping, valves, containers and other miscellaneous equipment must be properly grounded.



This pump is pressurized internally with air pressure during operation. Make certain that all fasteners are in good condition and are reinstalled properly during reassembly.



Use safe practices when lifting



hdb3dl4sm-rev0817

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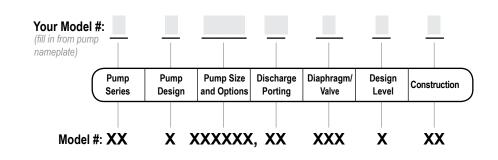
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Explanation of Pump Nomenclature



Pump Series HD Heavy Duty

Pump Design

B Soilid Ball

Pump Size

3 3" **4** 4"

1: PUMP SPECS

4 4

Discharge Porting Position

D Bottom

Т Тор

Options

P1 Intrinsically Safe ATEX Compliant Pulse Output

Diaphragn	n Check	Valve	Materials

- B Nitrile
- C FKM with PTFE
- **GN** Neoprene Backup with PTFE Overlay and PTFE Check Balls
- H EPDM with PTFE
- I EPDM
- N Neoprene
- S Santoprene
- U Santoprene with PTFE

Design Level

4

Construction

- SI Stainless Steel Wetted, Cast Iron Air
- CI Cast Iron Wetted, Cast Iron Air

Your Serial #: (fill in from pump nameplate)

ATEX Detail

(1)

II 1 G c T5 II 1 D c T100°C I M1 c I M2 c Models equipped with Cast Iron or Stainless Steel wetted parts, and Cast Iron midsection parts.

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Performance HDB3 & HDB4 ELASTOMERIC FITTED

SUCTION/DISCHARGE PORT SIZE

3" ANSI Flange

CAPACITY

• 0 to 300 gallons per minute (0 to 1136 liters per minute)

AIR DISTRIBUTION VALVE

No-lube, no-stall design

SOLIDS-HANDLING • Up to .875 in. (22.2mm)

HEADS UP TO

• 125 psi or 289 ft. of water (8.8 Kg/cm² or 88 meters)

MAXIMUM OPERATING PRESSURE

• 125 psi (8.6 bar)

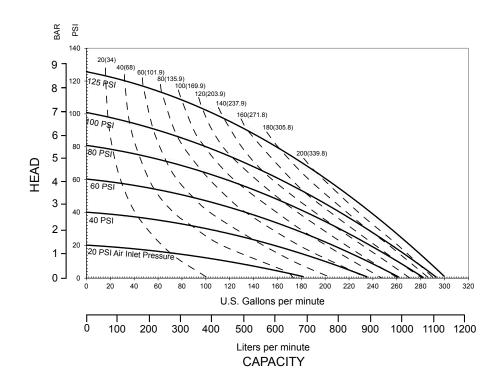
DISPLACEMENT/STROKE

• 2.0 Gallon / 7.6 liter

SHIPPING WEIGHT

• Cast Iron 460 lbs. (207 kg)

Stainless Steel 480 lbs. (216 kg)



HDB3 & HDB4 PTFE AND SANTOPRENE FITTED

SUCTION/DISCHARGE PORT SIZE • 3" ANSI Flange

CAPACITY

• 0 to 290 gallons per minute (0 to 1102 liters per minute)

AIR DISTRIBUTION VALVE

No-lube, no-stall design

SOLIDS-HANDLING

• Up to .875 in. (22.2mm)

HEADS UP TO

• 125 psi or 289 ft. of water (8.8 Kg/cm² or 88 meters)

MAXIMUM OPERATING PRESSURE

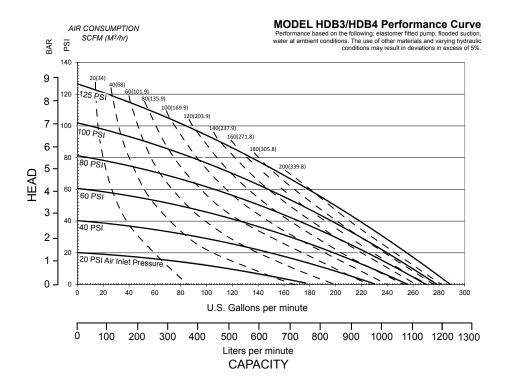
• 125 psi (8.6 bar)

DISPLACEMENT/STROKE •1.9Gallon / 7.2 liter

SHIPPING WEIGHT

• Cast Iron 460 lbs. (207 kg)

Stainless Steel 480 lbs. (216 kg)





Model HDB3/HDB4 • 2

Materials

Material Profile:	Operating Temperatures:		Polypropylene: A thermoplastic polymer. Moderate tensile and flex strength. Resists stong acids and alkali. Attacked by	180°F 82°C	32°F 0°C	
CAUTION! Operating temperature limitations are as follows:	Max.	Min.	chlorine, fuming nitric acid and other strong oxidizing agents.	250°F	0°F	
Conductive Acetal: Tough, impact resistant, ductile. Good abrasion resistance and low friction surface. Generally inert, with good chemical resistance except for strong acids and oxidizing	190°F 88°C	-20°F -29°C	PVDF: (Polyvinylidene Fluoride) A durable fluoroplastic with excellent chemical resistance. Excellent for UV applications. High tensile strength and impact resistance.	121°C	-18°C	
agents.			Santoprene®: Injection molded thermoplastic elastomer with	275°F	-40°F	
EPDM: Shows very good water and chemical resistance. Has poor resistance to oils and solvents, but is fair in ketones and	280°F 138°C	-40°F -40°C	no fabric layer. Long mechanical flex life. Excellent abrasion resistance.	135°C	-40°C	
alcohols.	150 0	-40 C	UHMW PE: A thermoplastic that is highly resistant to a broad range of chemicals. Exhibits outstanding abrasion and impact	180°F 82°C	-35°F -37°C	
FKM: (Fluorocarbon) Shows good resistance to a wide range	350°F	-40°F -40°C	resistance, along with environmental stress-cracking resistance.	02 0	-37 0	
of oils and solvents; especially all aliphatic, aromatic and halogenated hydrocarbons, acids, animal and vegetable oils. Hot water or hot aqueous solutions (over 70°F(21°C)) will	177°C		Urethane: Shows good resistance to abrasives. Has poor resistance to most solvents and oils.	150°F 66°C	32°F 0°C	
attack FKM.			Virgin PTFE: (PFA/TFE) Chemically inert, virtually impervious.	220°F	-35°F	
Hytrel®: Good on acids, bases, amines and glycols at room temperatures only.	220°F 104°C	-20°F -29°C	Very few chemicals are known to chemically react with PTFE; 10 molten alkali metals, turbulent liquid or gaseous fluorine and		-37°C	
Neoprene: All purpose. Resistance to vegetable oils. Generally not affected by moderate chemicals, fats, greases and many	200°F 93°C	-10°F -23°C	a few fluoro-chemicals such as chlorine trifluoride or oxygen difluoride which readily liberate free fluorine at elevated temperatures.			
oils and solvents. Generally attacked by strong oxidizing acids, ketones, esters and nitro hydrocarbons and chlorinated aromatic hydrocarbons.			Temperatures coupled with pressure affect the longevity of diaphragm	ximum and Minimum Temperatures are the limits for which these materials can be operated. nperatures coupled with pressure affect the longevity of diaphragm pump components. ximum life should not be expected at the extreme limits of the temperature ranges.		
Nitrile: General purpose, oil-resistant. Shows good solvent, oil, water and hydraulic fluid resistance. Should not be used with	190°F 88°C	-10°F -23°C	Metals:			
highly polar solvents like acetone and MEK, ozone, chlorinated		-23-0	Alloy C: Equal to ASTM494 CW-12M-1 specification for nickel and nickel alloy.			
hydrocarbons and nitro hydrocarbons.			Stainless Steel: Equal to or exceeding ASTM specification A743			
Nylon: 6/6 High strength and toughness over a wide temperature range. Moderate to good resistance to fuels, oils	180°F 82°C	32°F 0°C	resistant iron chromium, iron chromium nickel and nickel based alloy castings for general applications. Commonly referred to as 316 Stainless Steel in the pump in			
and chemicals.			For specific applications, always consult the C	hemical Resis	stance Chart	

Ambient temperature range:-20°C to +40°CProcess temperature range:-20°C to +80°C

e range: -20°C to +80°C for models rated as category 1 equipment

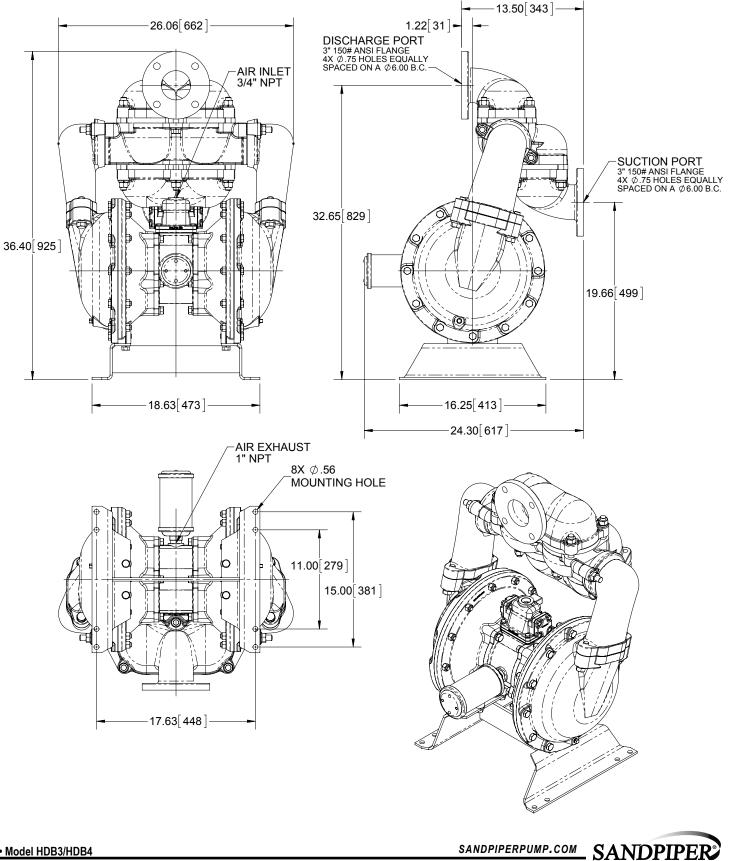
-20°C to +100°C for models rated as category 2 equipment

In addition, the ambient temperature range and the process temperature range do not exceed the operating temperature range of the applied non-metallic parts as listed in the manuals of the pumps.



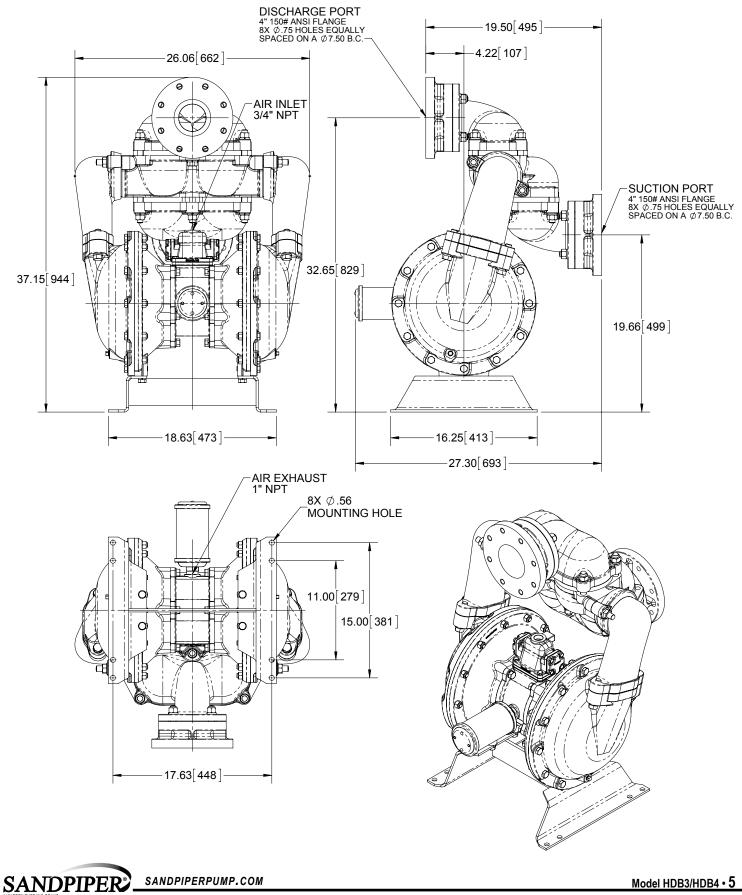
Model HDB3/HDB4 • 3

HDB3 Heavy Duty Ball Valve - 3" Top Ported Dimensions in inches (metric dimensions in brackets). Dimensional Tolerance .125" (3mm).

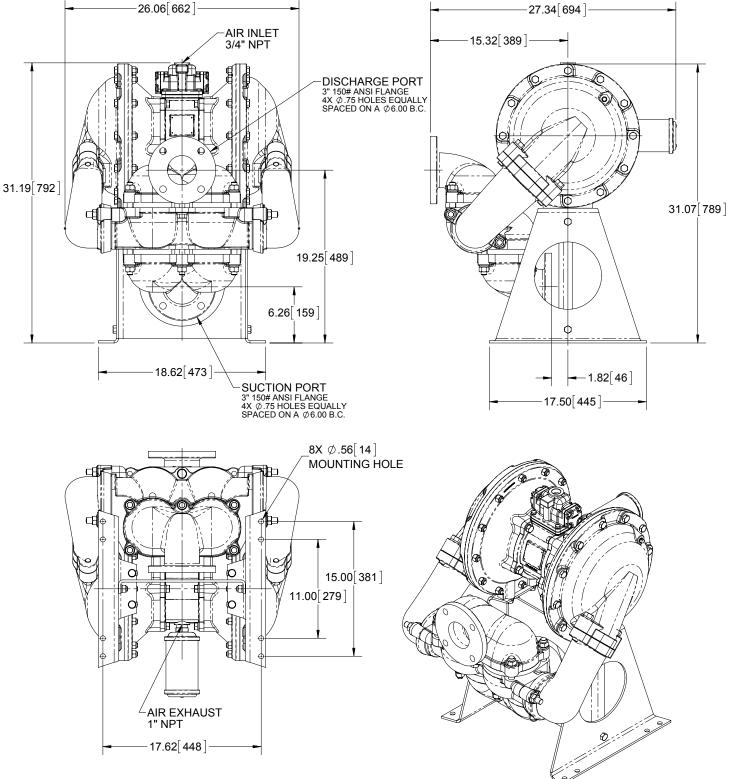


hdb3dl4sm-rev0817

HDB4 Heavy Duty Ball Valve - 4" Top Ported Dimensions in inches (metric dimensions in brackets). Dimensional Tolerance .125" (3mm).

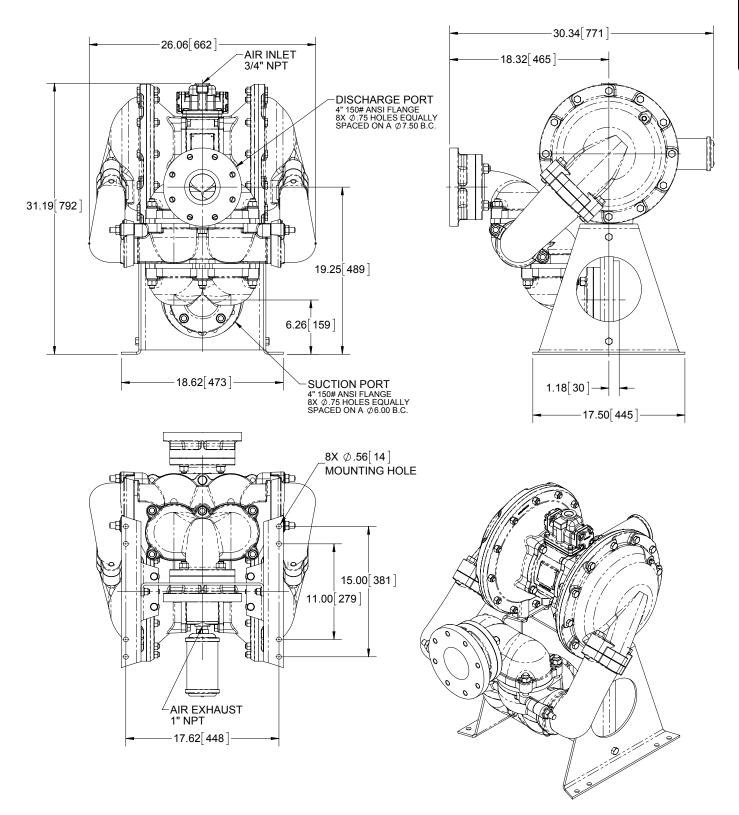


HDB3 Heavy Duty Ball Valve - 3" Bottom Ported Dimensions in inches (metric dimensions in brackets). Dimensional Tolerance .125" (3mm).



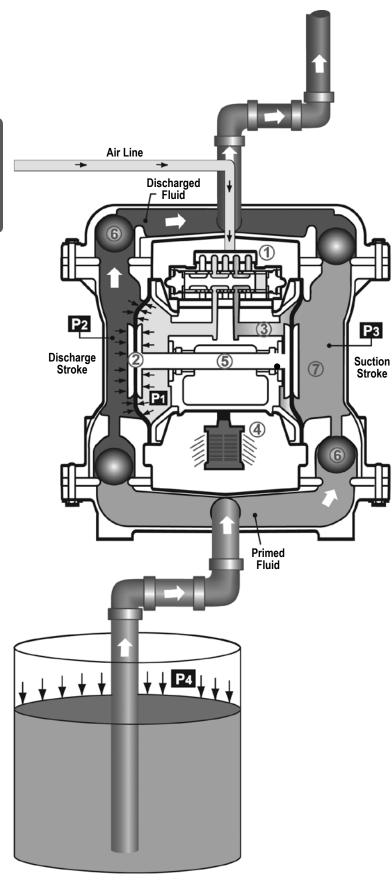


HDB4 Heavy Duty Ball Valve - 4" Bottom Ported Dimensions in inches (metric dimensions in brackets). Dimensional Tolerance .125" (3mm).





Principle of Pump Operation



Air-Operated Double Diaphragm (AODD) pumps are powered by compressed air or nitrogen.

The main directional (air) control valve ① distributes compressed air to an air chamber, exerting uniform pressure over the inner surface of the diaphragm ②. At the same time, the exhausting air ③ from behind the opposite diaphragm is directed through the air valve assembly(s) to an exhaust port ④.

As inner chamber pressure (P1) exceeds liquid chamber pressure (P2), the rod ⑤ connected diaphragms shift together creating discharge on one side and suction on the opposite side. The discharged and primed liquid's directions are controlled by the check valves (ball or flap)⑥ orientation.

The pump primes as a result of the suction stroke. The suction stroke lowers the chamber pressure (P3) increasing the chamber volume. This results in a pressure differential necessary for atmospheric pressure (P4) to push the fluid through the suction piping and across the suction side check valve and into the outer fluid chamber (7).

Suction (side) stroking also initiates the reciprocating (shifting, stroking or cycling) action of the pump. The suction diaphragm's movement is mechanically pulled through its stroke. The diaphragm's inner plate makes contact with an actuator plunger aligned to shift the pilot signaling valve. Once actuated, the pilot valve sends a pressure signal to the opposite end of the main directional air valve, redirecting the compressed air to the opposite inner chamber.

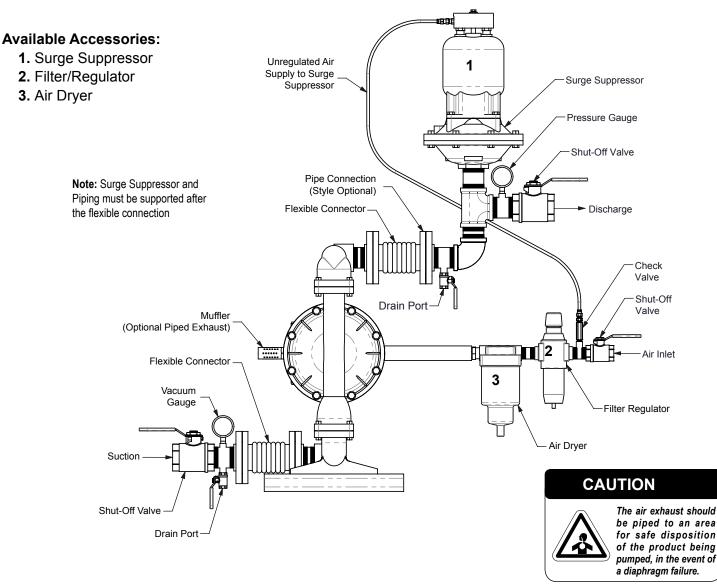
SUBMERGED ILLUSTRATION

LIQUID LEVEL SUCTION LINE

Pump can be submerged if the pump materials of construction are compatible with the liquid being pumped. The air exhaust must be piped above the liquid level. When the pumped product source is at a higher level than the pump (flooded suction condition), pipe the exhaust higher than the product source to prevent siphoning spills.

SANDPIPERPUMP.COM hdb3dl4sm-rev0817

Recommended Installation Guide



Installation And Start-Up

Locate the pump as close to the product being pumped as possible. Keep the suction line length and number of fittings to a minimum. Do not reduce the suction line diameter.

Air Supply

Connect the pump air inlet to an air supply with sufficient capacity and pressure to achieve desired performance. A pressure regulating valve should be installed to insure air supply pressure does not exceed recommended limits.

Air Valve Lubrication

The air distribution system is designed to operate WITHOUT lubrication. This is the standard mode of operation. If lubrication is desired, install an air line lubricator set to deliver one drop of SAE 10 non-detergent oil for every 20 SCFM (9.4 liters/sec.) of air the pump consumes. Consult the Performance Curve to determine air consumption.

Air Line Moisture

Water in the compressed air supply may cause icing or freezing of the exhaust air, causing the pump to cycle erratically or stop operating. Water in the air supply can be reduced by using a point-of-use air dryer.

Air Inlet And Priming

To start the pump, slightly open the air shut-off valve. After the pump primes, the air valve can be opened to increase air flow as desired. If opening the valve increases cycling rate, but does not increase the rate of flow, cavitation has occurred. The valve should be closed slightly to obtain the most efficient air flow to pump flow ratio.



Troubleshooting Guide

Symptom:	Potential Cause(s):	Recommendation(s):
Pump Cycles Once	Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air supply pressure).	Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Pump is designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow. (Does not apply to high pressure 2:1 units).
	Air valve or intermediate gaskets installed incorrectly.	Install gaskets with holes properly aligned.
	Bent or missing actuator plunger.	Remove pilot valve and inspect actuator plungers.
Pump Will Not Operate	Pump is over lubricated.	Set lubricator on lowest possible setting or remove. Units are designed for lube free operation.
/ Cycle	Lack of air (line size, PSI, CFM).	Check the air line size and length, compressor capacity (HP vs. cfm required).
•	Check air distribution system.	Disassemble and inspect main air distribution valve, pilot valve and pilot valve actuators.
	Discharge line is blocked or clogged manifolds.	Check for inadvertently closed discharge line valves. Clean discharge manifolds/piping.
	Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air supply pressure).	Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Pump is designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow. (Does not apply to high pressure 2:1 units).
	Blocked air exhaust muffler.	Remove muffler screen, clean or de-ice, and re-install.
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.
	Pump chamber is blocked.	Disassemble and inspect wetted chambers. Remove or flush any obstructions.
Pump Cycles and Will	Cavitation on suction side.	Check suction condition (move pump closer to product).
Not Prime or No Flow	Check valve obstructed. Valve ball(s) not seating properly or sticking.	Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket. Clean out around valve ball cage and valve seat area. Replace valve ball or valve seat if damaged. Use heavier valve ball material.
	Valve ball(s) missing (pushed into chamber or manifold).	Worn valve ball or valve seat. Worn fingers in valve ball cage (replace part). Check Chemical Resistance Guide for compatibility.
	Valve ball(s) / seat(s) damaged or attacked by product.	Check Chemical Resistance Guide for compatibility.
	Check valve and/or seat is worn or needs adjusting.	Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper setting. Replace if necessary.
	Suction line is blocked.	Remove or flush obstruction. Check and clear all suction screens or strainers.
	Excessive suction lift.	For lifts exceeding 20' of liquid, filling the chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.
	Suction side air leakage or air in product.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections.
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.
Pump Cycles Running	Over lubrication.	Set lubricator on lowest possible setting or remove. Units are designed for lube free operation.
Sluggish / Stalling,	Icing.	Remove muffler screen, de-ice, and re-install. Install a point of use air drier.
Flow Unsatisfactory	Clogged manifolds.	Clean manifolds to allow proper air flow.
now ensuisationy	Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air supply pressure).	Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Pump is designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow. (Does not apply to high pressure 2:1 units).
	Cavitation on suction side.	Check suction (move pump closer to product).
	Lack of air (line size, PSI, CFM).	Check the air line size, length, compressor capacity.
	Excessive suction lift.	For lifts exceeding 20' of liquid, filling the chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.
	Air supply pressure or volume exceeds system hd.	Decrease inlet air (press. and vol.) to the pump. Pump is cavitating the fluid by fast cycling.
	Undersized suction line.	Meet or exceed pump connections.
	Restrictive or undersized air line.	Install a larger air line and connection.
	Suction side air leakage or air in product.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections.
	Suction line is blocked.	Remove or flush obstruction. Check and clear all suction screens or strainers.
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.
	Check valve obstructed.	Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket.
	Check valve and/or seat is worn or needs adjusting.	Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper setting. Replace if necessary.
	Entrained air or vapor lock in chamber(s).	Purge chambers through tapped chamber vent plugs. Purging the chambers of air can be dangerous.
Product Leaking	Diaphragm failure, or diaphragm plates loose.	Replace diaphragms, check for damage and ensure diaphragm plates are tight.
Through Exhaust	Diaphragm stretched around center hole or bolt holes.	Check for excessive inlet pressure or air pressure. Consult Chemical Resistance Chart for compatibility with products, cleaners, temperature limitations and lubrication.
Premature Diaphragm	Cavitation.	Enlarge pipe diameter on suction side of pump.
Failure	Excessive flooded suction pressure.	Move pump closer to product. Raise pump/place pump on top of tank to reduce inlet pressure. Install Back pressure device (Tech bulletin 41r). Add accumulation tank or pulsation dampener.
	Misapplication (chemical/physical incompatibility).	Consult Chemical Resistance Chart for compatibility with products, cleaners, temperature limitations and lubrication.
	Incorrect diaphragm plates or plates on backwards, installed incorrectly or worn.	Check Operating Manual to check for correct part and installation. Ensure outer plates have not been worn to a sharp edge.
Unbalanced Cycling	Excessive suction lift.	For lifts exceeding 20' of liquid, filling the chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.
	Undersized suction line.	Meet or exceed pump connections.
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.
	Suction side air leakage or air in product.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections.
	Check valve obstructed.	Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket.
	Check valve and/or seat is worn or needs adjusting.	Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper setting. Replace if necessary.
	Entrained air or vapor lock in chamber(s).	Purge chambers through tapped chamber vent plugs.

For additional troubleshooting tips contact After Sales Support at service.warrenrupp@idexcorp.com or 419-524-8388

2: INSTAL & OP

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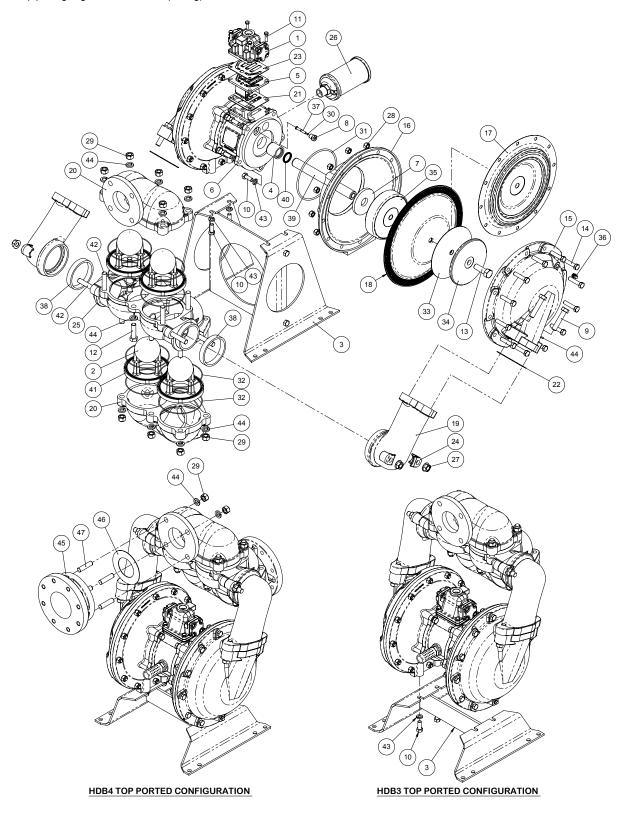


Composite Repair Parts Drawing

BOTTOM PORTING is recommended for pumping material containing solids which could settle out in the pumping chambers.

TOP PORTING is recommended if there is a possibility of entrapped air vapors inhibiting the pumping action.

Convert from one configuration to the other by rotating the outer chambers as indicated and substituting the proper pump base (low base for top porting, high base for bottom porting).





Service and Repair Kits

Conversion Kits

475.292.360	Wet End Conversion Kit Design Level 4 Cast Iron Seats,	476.252.000
475.292.363	Nitrile O-rings Wet End Conversion Kit Design Level 4 Cast Iron Seats, FKM O-rings	476.327.354
475.292.364	Wet End Conversion Kit Design Level 4 Cast Iron Seats, EPDM O-rings	476.327.360
475.292.365	Wet End Conversion Kit Design Level 4 Cast Iron Seats, Neoprene O-rings	
475.292.608	Wet End Conversion Kit Design Level 4 Cast Iron Seats, Conductive PTFE O-rings	476.327.364
475.293.360	Wet End Conversion Kit Design Level 4 Stainless Steel Seats, Nitrile O-rings	476.327.365
475.293.363	Wet End Conversion Kit Design Level 4 Stainless Steel Seats, FKM O-rings	
475.293.364	Wet End Conversion Kit Design Level 4 Stainless Steel Seats, EPDM O-rings	476.327.633
475.293.365	Wet End Conversion Kit Design Level 4 Stainless Steel Seats, Neoprene O-rings	476.327.635
475.293.366	Wet End Conversion Kit Design Level 4 Stainless Steel Seats, FDA White Nitrile O-rings	
475.293.608	Wet End Conversion Kit Design Level 4 Stainless Steel Seats, Nitrile O-rings	476.327.636

Service Kits

476.252.000	Air End Kit
	Sleeve and Spool Set, Pilot Valve Assembly,
	Seals, O-rings and Gaskets
476.327.354	Wet End Kit
	Santoprene Diaphragms, Santoprene Check
	Balls, Fabric Manifold Gaskets, Nitrile Spacer
	Gasket, EPDM Wear Pads, EPDM Seals,
	EPDM Seat O-rings
476.327.360	Wet End Kit
	Nitrile Diaphragms, Nitrile Check Balls, Fabric
	Manifold Gaskets, Nitrile Wear Pads, Nitrile
	Seals, Nitrile Seat O-rings
476.327.364	Wet End Kit
	EPDM Diaphragms, EPDM Check Balls,
	Fabric Manifold Gaskets, EPDM Wear Pads,
	EPDM Seals, EPDM Seat O-rings
476.327.365	Wet End Kit
	Neoprene Diaphragms, Neoprene Check
	Balls, Fabric Manifold Gaskets, Neoprene
	Wear Pads, Neoprene Seals,
	Neoprene Seat O-rings
476.327.633	Wet End Kit
	FKM Diaphragms, PTFE Check Balls,
	Blue Gylon Manifold Gaskets, FKM Manifold
	Seals, FKM Seats O-rings
476.327.635	Wet End Kit
	PTFE Overlay Diaphragms, Neoprene
	Backup Diaphragms, PTFE Check
	Balls, Blue Gylon Manifold Gaskets,
	PTFE Seat Seals, PTFE Manifold Seals
476.327.636	Wet End Kit
	FDA White Nitrile Diaphragms, PTFE Check
	Balls, Blue Gylon Manifold Gaskets, FDA
	White Nitrile Seat O-rings, FDA White Nitrile
	Manifold Seals
476.327.644	Wet End Kit
- '	Santoprene Diaphragms, PTFE Check Balls,
	Nitrile Spacer Gasket, EPDM Wear Pads,
	EPDM Seals, and EPDM Seat O-rings

3: EXP VIEW



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Composite Repair Parts List

•.			-	•		-	-
Item	Part Number	Description	Qty.	ltem	Part Number		Qty.
(†) 2	031.021.010	Assembly, Main Air Valve	1	31 32	560.045.360	O-Ring	2
2	050.014.360 W	Ball, Check	4	32	560.207.360	O-Ring	8
	050.014.364 W	Ball, Check	4		560.207.363	O-Ring	8
	050.014.365 W	Ball, Check	4		560.207.364	O-Ring	8
	050.015.600	Ball, Check	4		560.207.365	O-Ring	8
3	060.012.000	Base, Pump (Top Ported)	1	32 33	720.074.608	Seal, Ring	8
	060.013.000	Base, Pump (Bottom Ported)	1	33	570.010.360	Pad, Wear	2
4	070.017.170	Bearing, Sleeve	2		570.010.363	Pad, Wear	2 2 2
5 6	095.073.001	Assembly, Pilot Valve	1		570.010.364	Pad, Wear	2
6	114.003.010	Bracket, Intermediate	1		570.010.365	Pad, Wear	2
(7) 8	132.012.360	Bumper	2	34	612.063.110	Plate, Outer Diaphragm	2
8	135.016.162	Bushing, Threaded	2		612.063.330	Plate, Outer Diaphragm	2
9	170.015.330	Capscrew,		35	612.085.330	Plate, Inner Diaphragm	2
		Hex Hd, 5/8-11 X 2.75	4		612.113.156	Plate, Inner Diaphragm	2
10	170.034.330	Capscrew,				(Use With PTFE Overlay Only)	
		Hex Head 1/2-13 Unc X 2.00	14	36	618.003.110	Plug, Pipe, 1/4	2
11	170.045.330	Capscrew,			618.003.330	Plug, Pipe, 1/4	2
		Hex Head 5/16-18 X 1 1/4	4	37	620.011.114	Plunger, Actuator	2
12	170.064.330	Capscrew,		38	675.021.360	Ring. Sealing	2
	110.001.000	Hex Hd, 5/8-11 Unc X 2.25	2		675.021.363	Ring. Sealing	2
13	170.065.110	Capscrew,	-		675.021.364	Ring. Sealing	2
10	110.000.110	Hex Hd, 3/4-10 X 2.25	2		675.021.365	Ring. Sealing	2
14	170.066.330	Capscrew,	2		675.021.366	Ring. Sealing	2
17	170.000.000	Hex, 1/2-13 X 2.25	24	28	675.021.600	Ring. Sealing	2
15	196.031.010	Chamber, Outer		38 39	685.030.120	Rod, Diaphragm	1
15	196.031.110	Chamber, Outer	2 2	40	720.014.360	Seal	2
16	196.032.010	Chamber, Inner	2	41	722.128.010	Check Valve Seat	4
16 17	286.047.604	Diapragm, Overlay	2	41	722.128.110	Check Valve Seat	4
18			2	42	807.085.330		4 14
10	286.048.354	Diaphragm, Backup	2			Stud, 5/8-11 X 3.75	
		(Use With PTFE Overlay		43	900.003.330	Washer, Lock, 1/2	14
	000 044 000	and Santoprene)	0	44	900.007.330	Washer, Lock, 5/8	16
	286.014.360	Diaphragm	2			4-	
	286.014.363	Diaphragm	2		Model Componer		
	286.014.364	Diaphragm	2	•	dition To The Parts		~
	286.014.365	Diaphragm	2	45	334.037.010	Flange, Adapter	2
19	312.031.010	Elbow, Manifold	2	46	360.036.426	Gasket, Flange	2
	312.031.110	Elbow, Manifold	2	29	545.009.330	Nut, Hex, 5/8-11 Unc	8
20	334.023.010	Flange, Porting	2	47	807.005.330	Stud, 5/8-11 X 2.50	8
\sim	334.023.110	Flange, Porting	2	44	900.007.330	Washer, Lock, 5/8	8
(21) (22)	360.041.379	Gasket, Pilot Valve	1				
22	360.046.425	Gasket, Manifold	2	Not SI			
~	360.046.603	Gasket, Manifold	2		360.083.360	Gasket, Spacer	
23	360.048.425	Gasket, Air Valve	1			(used with Santoprene Diaphragms)	2
24	510.002.020	Lug, Clamp	4				
25	518.023.010	Manifold	1	LEGE	END:		
	518.023.110	Manifold	1	1 O= Items contained within Air End Kits			
26	530.038.000	Muffler	1				
27	544.003.000	Nut, Hex, 5/8-11 Unc	4				
28	545.008.330	Nut, Hex, 1/2-13	24	Air End Kit includes sleeve and spool set, not entire air valve			
	545.009.330	Nut, Hex, 5/8-11 Unc	10	assemt	ыу		
29 30	560.001.360	O-Ring	2	Note: /	Kits contain compone	nts specific to the material codes.	
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Model HDB3/HDB4 • 13

3: EXP VIEW

Material Codes - The Last 3 Digits of Part Number

- 000.....Assembly, sub-assembly;
- and some purchased items
- 010.....Cast Iron
- 015.....Ductile Iron
- 020.....Ferritic Malleable Iron
- 080.....Carbon Steel, AISI B-1112
- 110.....Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel 111.....Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel
- (Electro Polished)
- 112.....Alloy C
- 113.....Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel (Hand Polished)
- 114.....303 Stainless Steel
- 115.....302/304 Stainless Steel
- 117.....440-C Stainless Steel (Martensitic)
- 120.....416 Stainless Steel
- (Wrought Martensitic)
- 148.....Hardcoat Anodized Aluminum
- 150.....6061-T6 Aluminum
- 152.....2024-T4 Aluminum (2023-T351)
- 155.....356-T6 Aluminum
- 156.....356-T6 Aluminum
- 157.....Die Cast Aluminum Alloy #380
- 158.....Aluminum Alloy SR-319
- 162.....Brass, Yellow, Screw Machine Stock
- 165.....Cast Bronze, 85-5-5-5
- 166.....Bronze, SAE 660
- 170.....Bronze, Bearing Type, Oil Impregnated
- 180.....Copper Alloy
- 180.....Copper Alloy
- 305.....Carbon Steel, Black Epoxy Coated
- 306.....Carbon Steel, Black PTFE Coated
- 307.....Aluminum, Black Epoxy Coated
- 308.....Stainless Steel, Black PTFE Coated
- 309.....Aluminum, Black PTFE Coated
- 313.....Aluminum, White Epoxy Coated
- 330.....Zinc Plated Steel
- 332.....Aluminum, Electroless Nickel Plated
- 333.....Carbon Steel, Electroless
- Nickel Plated
- 335.....Galvanized Steel
- 337.....Silver Plated Steel
- 351.....Food Grade Santoprene®
- 353.....Geolast; Color: Black
- 354.....Injection Molded #203-40 Santoprene® Duro 40D +/-5; Color: RED
- 356.....Hytrel®
- 357.....Injection Molded Polyurethane
- 358.....Urethane Rubber (Some Applications) (Compression Mold)
- 359.....Urethane Rubber
- 360.....Nitrile Rubber Color coded: RED
- 363.....FKM (Fluorocarbon) Color coded: YELLOW
- 364.....EPDM Rubber Color coded: BLUE 365.....Neoprene Rubber Color coded: GREEN 366.....Food Grade Nitrile 368.....Food Grade EPDM 371.....Philthane (Tuftane) 374.....Carboxylated Nitrile 375.....Fluorinated Nitrile 378.....High Density Polypropylene 379.....Conductive Nitrile 408.....Cork and Neoprene 425.....Compressed Fibre 426.....Blue Gard 440.....Vegetable Fibre 500.....Delrin® 500 502.....Conductive Acetal, ESD-800 503.....Conductive Acetal, Glass-Filled 506.....Delrin® 150 520.....Injection Molded PVDF Natural color 540.....Nylon 542 Nylon 544.....Nylon Injection Molded 550.....Polyethylene 551.....Glass Filled Polypropylene 552.....Unfilled Polypropylene 555.....Polyvinyl Chloride 556.....Black Vinyl 558.....Conductive HDPE 570.....Rulon II® 580.....Ryton® 600.....PTFE (virgin material) Tetrafluorocarbon (TFE) 603.....Blue Gylon® 604.....PTFE 606.....PTFE 607.....Envelon 608.....Conductive PTFE 610.....PTFE Encapsulated Silicon 611.....PTFE Encapsulated FKM 632.....Neoprene/Hytrel® 633.....FKM/PTFE 634.....EPDM/PTFE 635.....Neoprene/PTFE 637.....PTFE, FKM/PTFE 638.....PTFE, Hytrel®/PTFE 639.....Nitrile/TFE 643.....Santoprene®/EPDM 644.....Santoprene®/PTFE
 - 656.....Santoprene® Diaphragm and Check Balls/EPDM Seats
 - 661.....EPDM/Santoprene®
 - 666.....FDA Nitrile Diaphragm,
 - PTFE Overlay, Balls, and Seals 668.....PTFE, FDA Santoprene®/PTFE

- Delrin and Hytrel are registered tradenames of E.I. DuPont.
- Nylatron is a registered tradename of Polymer Corp.
- Gylon is a registered tradename of Garlock, Inc.
- Santoprene is a registered tradename of Exxon Mobil Corp.
- Rulon II is a registered tradename of Dixion Industries Corp.
- Ryton is a registered tradename of Phillips Chemical Co.
- Valox is a registered tradename of General Electric Co.

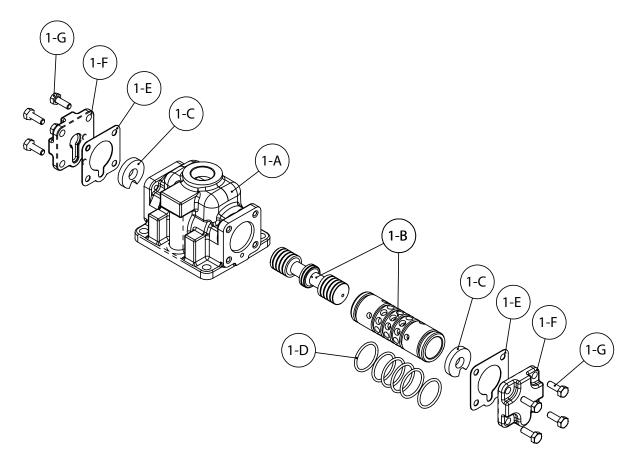
RECYCLING

Many components of SANDPIPER® AODD pumps are made of recyclable materials. We encourage pump users to recycle worn out parts and pumps whenever possible, after any hazardous pumped fluids are thoroughly flushed.

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Air Distribution Valve Assembly



Air Distribution Valve Servicing

See repair parts drawing, remove screws.

- Step 1: Remove Hex Head Cap Screws (1-G).
- Step 2: Remove end cap (1-F), gasket (1-E) and bumper (1-C).
- Step 3: Remove spool part of (1-B) (caution: do not scratch).
- Step 4: Press sleeve (1-B) from body (1-A).
- Step 5: Inspect O-Ring (1-D) and replace if necessary.
- Step 6: Lightly lubricate O-Rings (1-D) on sleeve (1-B).
- Step 7: Press sleeve (1-B) into body (1-A).

Step 8: Reassemble in reverse order, starting with step 3.

Note: Sleeve and spool (1-B) set is match ground to a specified clearance sleeve and spools (1-B) cannot be interchanged.

IMPORTANT

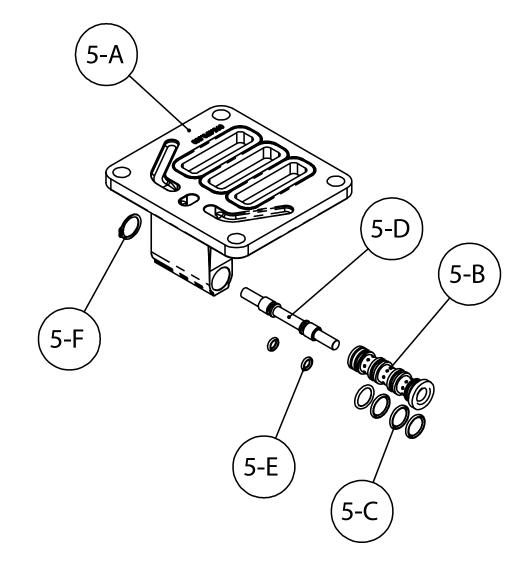
Read these instructions completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.

MAIN AIR VALVE ASSEMBLY PARTS LIST

ltem 1	Part Number 031.021.010	Description Air Valve Assembly	Qty 1
1-A	095.043.010	Body, Air Valve	1
1-B	031.018.000	Sleeve and Spool Set	1
1-C	132.014.358	Bumper	2
1-D	560.020.360	O-Ring	6
1-E	360.010.425	Gasket	2
1-F	165.011.010	End Cap	2
1-G	170.032.330	Hex Head Capscrew	8

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Pilot Valve Assembly



4: AIR END

Pilot Valve Servicing

With Pilot Valve removed from pump.	Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
Step 1: Remove snap ring (5F).	5	095.073.001	Pilot Valve Assembly	1
Step 2: Remove sleeve (5B), inspect O-Rings (5C),	5-A	095.070.558	Valve Body	1
replace if required.	5-B	755.025.000	Sleeve (With O-Rings)	1
.h	5-C	560.033.360	O-Ring (Sleeve)	4
Step 3: Remove spool (5D) from sleeve (5B),	5-D	775.026.000	Spool (With O-Rings)	1
inspect O-Rings (5E), replace if required.	5-E	560.023.360	O-Ring (Spool)	2
Step 4: Lightly lubricate O-Rings (5C) and (5E).	5-F	675.037.080	Retaining Ring	1

Reassemble in reverse order.

PILOT VALVE ASSEMBLY PARTS LIST

Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
5	095.073.001	Pilot Valve Assembly	1
5-A	095.070.558	Valve Body	1
5-B	755.025.000	Sleeve (With O-Rings)	1
5-C	560.033.360	O-Ring (Sleeve)	4
5-D	775.026.000	Spool (With O-Rings)	1
5-E	560.023.360	O-Ring (Spool)	2
5-F	675.037.080	Retaining Ring	1



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hdb3dl4sm-rev0817

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Diaphragm Servicing

Step 1: With manifolds and outer chambers removed, remove diaphragm assemblies from diaphragm rod. **DO NOT** use a pipe wrench or similar tool to remove assembly from rod. Flaws in the rod surface may damage bearings and seal. Soft jaws in a vise are recommended to prevent diaphragm rod damage.

Step 1.A: NOTE: Not all inner diaphragm plates are threaded. Some models utilize a through hole in the inner diaphragm plate. If required to separate diaphragm assembly, place assembly in a vise, gripping on the exterior cast diameter of the inner plate. Turn the outer plate clockwise to separate the assembly.

Always inspect diaphragms for wear cracks or chemical attack. Inspect inner and outer plates for deformities, rust scale and wear. Inspect intermediate bearings for elongation and wear. Inspect diaphragm rod for wear or marks.

Clean or repair if appropriate. Replace as required.

Step 2: Reassembly: There are two different types of diaphragm plate assemblies utilized throughout the Sandpiper product line: Outer plate with a threaded stud, diaphragm, and a threaded inner plate.

Outer plate with a threaded stud, diaphragm, and an inner plate with through hole. Secure threaded inner plate in a vise. Ensure that the plates are being installed with the outer radius against the diaphragm.

Step 3: Lightly lubricate, with a compatible material, the inner faces of both outer and inner diaphragm plates when using on non Overlay diaphragms (For EPDM water is recommended). No lubrication is required.

Step 4: Push the threaded outer diaphragm plate through the center hole of the diaphragm. **Note:** Most diaphragms are installed with the natural bulge out towards the fluid side. S05, S07, and S10 non-metallic units are installed with the natural bulge in towards the air side.

Step 5: Thread or place, outer plate stud into the inner plate. For threaded inner plates, use a torque wrench to tighten the assembly together. Torque values are called out on the exploded view.

Repeat procedure for second side assembly. Allow a minimum of 15 minutes to elapse after torquing, then re-torque the assembly to compensate for stress relaxation in the clamped assembly.

Step 6: Thread one assembly onto the diaphragm rod with sealing washer (when used) and bumper.

Step 7: Install diaphragm rod assembly into pump and secure by installing the outer chamber in place and tightening the capscrews.



Step 8: On opposite side of pump, thread the remaining assembly onto the diaphragm rod. Using a torque wrench, tighten the assembly to the diaphragm rod. Align diaphragm through bolt holes, always going forward past the recommended torque. Torque values are called out on the exploded view. **NEVER** reverse to align holes, if alignment cannot be achieved without damage to diaphragm, loosen complete assemblies, rotate diaphragm and reassemble as described above.

Step 9: Complete assembly of entire unit.

One Piece Diaphragm Servicing (Bonded PTFE with integral plate) The One Piece diaphragm has a threaded stud installed in the integral plate at the factory. The inner diaphragm plate has a through hole instead of a threaded hole. Place the inner plate over the diaphragm stud and thread the first diaphragm / inner plate onto the diaphragm rod only until the inner plate contacts the rod. Do not tighten. A small amount of grease may be applied between the inner plate and the diaphragm to facilitate assembly. Insert the diaphragm / rod assembly into the pump and install the outer chamber. Turn the pump over and thread the second diaphragm / inner plate onto the diaphragm rod. Turn the diaphragm until the inner plate contacts the rod and hand tighten the assembly. Continue tightening until the bolt holes align with the inner chamber holes. DO NOT LEAVE THE ASSEMBLY LOOSE.

IMPORTANT



Read these instructions completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.

5 - YEAR Limited Product Warranty

Warren Rupp, Inc. ("Warren Rupp") warrants to the original end-use purchaser that no product sold by Warren Rupp that bears a Warren Rupp brand shall fail under normal use and service due to a defect in material or workmanship within five years from the date of shipment from Warren Rupp's factory. Warren Rupp brands include Warren Rupp[®],SANDPIPER[®], SANDPIPER Signature Series[™], MARATHON[®], Porta-Pump[®], SludgeMaster[™] and Tranguilizer[®].

The use of non-OEM replacement parts will void (or negate) agency certifications, including CE, ATEX, CSA, 3A and EC1935 compliance (Food Contact Materials). Warren Rupp, Inc. cannot ensure nor warrant non-OEM parts to meet the stringent requirements of the certifying agencies.

 See sandpiperpump.com/content/warranty-certifications for complete warranty, including terms and conditions, limitations and exclusions.



7: WARRANT



EC / EU Declaration of Conformity

The objective of the declaration described is in conformity with the relevant Union harmonisation legislation: Directive 94/9/EC (until April 19, 2016) and Directive 2014/34/EU (from April 20, 2016).

Manufacturer:

Warren Rupp, Inc. A Unit of IDEX Corportion 800 North Main Street P.O. Box 1568 Mansfield, OH 44902 USA Applicable Standard: EN13463-1: 2001 EN13463-5: 2003 EN60079-25: 2004 Harmonised Standard: EN13463-1: 2009 EN13463-5: 2011 EN60079-25:2010

The harmonised standards have been compared to the applicable standards used for certification purposes and no changes in the state of the art technical knowledge apply to the listed equipment.

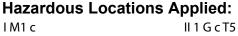
AODD Pumps and Surge Suppressors

Technical File No.: 203104000-1410/MER

AODD (Air-Operated Double Diaphragm) Pumps

EC Type Examination Certificate No. Pumps: KEMA 09ATEX0071 X

DEKRA Certification B.V. (0344) Meander 1051 6825 MJ Arnhem The Netherlands



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 II 1 D c T100°C

 II 2 D Ex c iaD 20 IP67 T100°C
 II 2 G c T5

 II 2 G Eex m c II T5
 II 2 D c T100°C

 II 2 D c IP65 T100°C
 II 2 G c IIB T5





David Roseberry

David Roseberry, Director of Engineering

DATE/APPROVAL/TITLE: 18 March 2016