SERVICE & OPERATING MANUAL Original Instructions

Certified Quality







ISO 9001 Certified ISO 14001 Certified



EAC

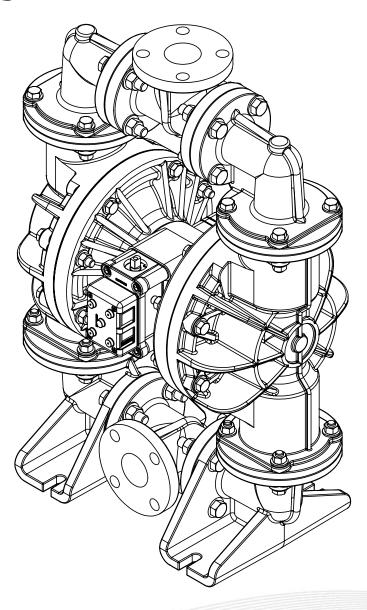
Warren Rupp, Inc. A Unit of IDEX Corporation 800 N. Main St., Mansfield, Ohio 44902 USA Telephone 419.524.8388 Fax 419.522.7867 SANDPIPERPUMP.COM



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Model S20

Non-Metallic Design Level 3





Safety Information

A IMPORTANT



Read the safety warnings and instructions in this manual before pump installation and start-up. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual could damage the pump and void factory warranty.



When the pump is used for materials that tend to settle out or solidify, the pump should be flushed after each use to prevent damage. In freezing temperatures the pump should be completely drained between uses.

A CAUTION



Before pump operation, inspect all fasteners for loosening caused by gasket creep. Retighten loose fasteners to prevent leakage. Follow recommended torques stated in this manual.



Nonmetallic pumps and plastic components are not UV stabilized. Ultraviolet radiation can damage these parts and negatively affect material properties. Do not expose to UV light for extended periods of time.



WARNING

Pump not designed, tested or certified to be powered by compressed natural gas. Powering the pump with natural gas will void the warranty.



WARNING

The use of non-OEM replacement parts will void (or negate) agency certifications, including CE, ATEX, CSA, 3A and EC1935 compliance (Food Contact Materials). Warren Rupp, Inc. cannot ensure nor warrant non-OEM parts to meet the stringent requirements of the certifying agencies.

WARNING



When used for toxic or aggressive fluids, the pump should always be flushed clean prior to disassembly.



Before maintenance or repair, shut off the compressed air line, bleed the pressure, and disconnect the air line from the pump. Be certain that approved eye protection and protective clothing are worn at all times. Failure to follow these recommendations may result in serious injury or death.



Airborne particles and loud noise hazards. Wear eye and ear protection.



In the event of diaphragm rupture, pumped material may enter the air end of the pump, and be discharged into the atmosphere. If pumping a product that is hazardous or toxic, the air exhaust must be piped to an appropriate area for safe containment.



Take action to prevent static sparking. Fire or explosion can result, especially when handling flammable liquids. The pump, piping, valves, containers and other miscellaneous equipment must be properly grounded.

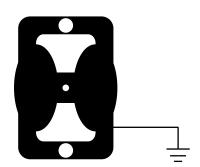


This pump is pressurized internally with air pressure during operation. Make certain that all fasteners are in good condition and are reinstalled properly during reassembly.



Use safe practices when lifting

Grounding ATEX Pumps



ATEX compliant pumps are suitable for use in explosive atmospheres when the equipment is properly grounded in accordance with local electrical codes. Pumps equipped with electrically conductive diaphragms are suitable for the transfer of conductive or non-conductive fluids of any explosion group. When operating pumps equipped with non-conductive diaphragms that exceed the maximum permissible projected area, as defined in EN 13463-1: 2009 section 6.7.5 table 9, the following protection methods must be applied:

- · Equipment is always used to transfer electrically conductive fluids or
- · Explosive environment is prevented from entering the internal portions of the pump, i.e. dry running

For further guidance on ATEX applications, please consult the factory.

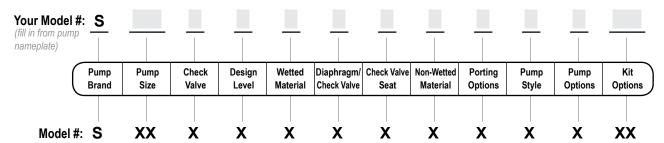


Table of Contents

SECTION 1:	 PUMP SPECIFICATIONS
SECTION 2:	• Principle of Pump Operation • Recommended Installation Guide • Troubleshooting Guide
SECTION 3:	• Composite Repair Parts Drawing • Composite Repair Parts List • Material Codes
SECTION 4:	• AIR END
SECTION 5:	• WET END16 • Diaphragm Drawings • Diaphragm Servicing
SECTION 6:	OPTIONAL CONFIGURATIONS18 Solenoid Shifted Air Valve Dual Port Electronic Leak Detector Installation Instructions
SECTION 7:	• WARRANTY & CERTIFICATES21 • Warranty • CE Declaration of Conformity - Machinery • ATEX Declaration of Conformity



Explanation of Pump Nomenclature



Pump Brand

S SANDPIPER®

Pump Size

20 2"

Check Valve Type

B Ball

Design Level

3 Design Level

Wetted Material

- **K** PVDF
- P Polypropylene
- C Conductive Polypropylene

Diaphragm/Check Valve Materials

- 1 Santoprene/Santoprene
- 2 PTFE-Santoprene Backup/PTFE
- **6** PTFE Pumping, PTFE-Neoprene Backup Driver/PTFE
- B Nitrile/Nitrile
- C FKM/PTFE
- G PTFE-Neoprene Backup/PTFE
- M Santoprene/PTFE
- N Neoprene/Neoprene
- Z One-Piece Bonded/PTFE

Check Valve Seat

- **K** PVDF
- P Polypropylene

Non-Wetted Material Options

- C Carbon Filled Conductive Polypropylene
- P 40%Glass Filled Polypropylene
- 1 40%Glass Filled Polypropylene w/PTFE Coated Hardware

Porting Options

- U Universal Flange (Fits ANSI & DIN)
- **7** Dual Porting (ANSI)
- 8 Top Dual Porting (ANSI)
- 9 Bottom Dual Porting (ANSI)

Pump Style

- D with Electronic Leak Detection (110V)
- E with Electronic Leak Detection (220V)
- M with Mechanical Leak Detection
- S Standard
- V with Visual Leak Detection

Pump Options

- 0 None
- 6 Metal Muffler

Kit Options

- 00. None
- P0. 10.30VDC Pulse Output Kit
- P1. Intrinsically-Safe 5.30VDC, 110/120VAC 220/240 VAC Pulse Output Kit
- **P2.** 110/120 or 220/240VAC
- Pulse Output Kit
- **E0.** Solenoid Kit with 24VDC Coil **E1.** Solenoid Kit with 24VDC
- Explosion-Proof Coil
- **E2.** Solenoid Kit with 24VAC/12VDC Coil
- E3. Solenoid Kit with 12VDC
- Explosion-Proof Coil **E4.** Solenoid Kit with 110VAC Coil
- E5. Solenoid Kit with 110VAC
- Explosion-Proof Coil
- E6. Solenoid Kit with 220VAC Coil
- **E7.** Solenoid Kit with 220VAC Explosion-Proof Coil

- **E8.** Solenoid Kit with 110VAC, 50 Hz Explosion-Proof Coil
- E9. Solenoid Kit with 230VAC, 50 Hz Explosion-Proof Coil
- SP. Stroke Indicator Pins
- A1. Solenoid Kit with 12 VDC ATEX Compliant Coil
- A2. Solenoid Kit with 24 VDC ATEX Compliant Coil
- A3. Solenoid Kit with 110/120 VAC 50/60 Hz ATEX Compliant Coil
- **A4.** Solenoid Kit with 220/240 VAC 50/60 Hz ATEX Compliant Coil



Note: Pump models equipped with these explosion-proof solenoid kit options E1, E3, E5, E7, E8 or E9, are certified and approved by the above agencies. They are <u>NOT</u> ATEX compliant.

Special Conditions For Safe Use:

Conductive polypropylene, conductive acetal or conductive PVDF pumps are not to be installed in applications where the pumps may be subjected to oil, grease or hydraulic liquids.

Your Serial #: (fill in from pump nameplate)

ATEX Detail

	ATEX Detail	Wetted Material Options	Non-Wetted Material Options	Pump Options	Kit Options
	II 1G c T5 II 1D c T100°C I M1 c I M2 c	С	С	6	00
_	II 2G c T5 II 2D c T100°C	С	С	0, 6	00
	II 2G Ex ia c IIC T5 II 2D Ex c iaD 20 IP67 T100°C	С	С	0, 6	P1
	II 2G EEx m c II T5 II 2D c IP65 T100°C	С	С	0, 6	A1, A2, A3, A4

Performance \$20 NON-METALLIC

SUCTION/DISCHARGE PORT SIZE

 2" Universal Flange (Fits ANSI & DIN Flange)

CAPACITY

 0 to 160 gallons per minute (0 to 605 liters per minute)

AIR DISTRIBUTION VALVE

· No-lube, no-stall design

SOLIDS-HANDLING

• Up to .66 in. (17mm)

HEADS UP TO

 100 psi or 231 ft. of water (7 bar or 70 meters)

MAXIMUM OPERATING PRESSURE

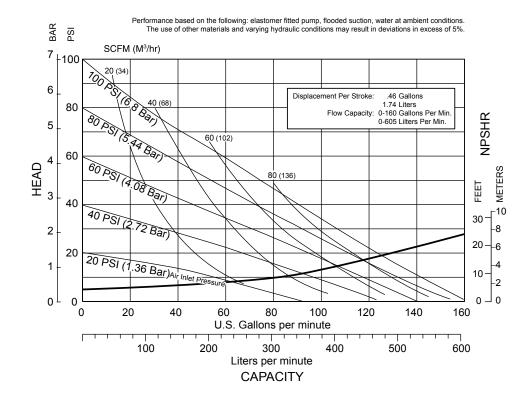
• 100 psi (7 bar)

DISPLACEMENT/STROKE

• .46 Gallon / 1.73 liter

SHIPPING WEIGHT

- Polypropylene 95 lbs. (43kg)
- PVDF 130 lbs. (59kg)
- Conductive Polypropylene 100 lbs. (45kg)



Materials

Material Profile:		rating ratures:
CAUTION! Operating temperature limitations are as follows:	Max.	Min.
Conductive Acetal: Tough, impact resistant, ductile. Good abrasion resistance and low friction surface. Generally inert, with good chemical resistance except for strong acids and oxidizing agents.	190°F 88°C	-20°F -29°C
EPDM: Shows very good water and chemical resistance. Has poor resistance to oils and solvents, but is fair in ketones and alcohols.	280°F 138°C	-40°F -40°C
FKM: (Fluorocarbon) Shows good resistance to a wide range of oils and solvents; especially all aliphatic, aromatic and halogenated hydrocarbons, acids, animal and vegetable oils. Hot water or hot aqueous solutions (over 70°F(21°C)) will attack FKM.	350°F 177°C	-40°F -40°C
Hytrel®: Good on acids, bases, amines and glycols at room temperatures only.	220°F 104°C	-20°F -29°C
Neoprene: All purpose. Resistance to vegetable oils. Generally not affected by moderate chemicals, fats, greases and many oils and solvents. Generally attacked by strong oxidizing acids, ketones, esters and nitro hydrocarbons and chlorinated aromatic hydrocarbons.	200°F 93°C	-10°F -23°C
Nitrile: General purpose, oil-resistant. Shows good solvent, oil, water and hydraulic fluid resistance. Should not be used with highly polar solvents like acetone and MEK, ozone, chlorinated hydrocarbons and nitro hydrocarbons.	190°F 88°C	-10°F -23°C
Nylon: 6/6 High strength and toughness over a wide temperature range. Moderate to good resistance to fuels, oils and chemicals.	180°F 82°C	32°F 0°C

Ambient temperature range: -20°C to +40°C

Process temperature range: -20°C to +80°C for models rated as category 1 equipment -20°C to +100°C for models rated as category 2 equipment

Polypropylene: A thermoplastic polymer. Moderate tensile and flex strength. Resists stong acids and alkali. Attacked by chlorine, fuming nitric acid and other strong oxidizing agents.	180°F 82°C	32°F 0°C
PVDF: (Polyvinylidene Fluoride) A durable fluoroplastic with excellent chemical resistance. Excellent for UV applications. High tensile strength and impact resistance.	250°F 121°C	0°F -18°C
Santoprene ®: Injection molded thermoplastic elastomer with no fabric layer. Long mechanical flex life. Excellent abrasion resistance.	275°F 135°C	-40°F -40°C
UHMW PE: A thermoplastic that is highly resistant to a broad range of chemicals. Exhibits outstanding abrasion and impact resistance, along with environmental stress-cracking resistance.	180°F 82°C	-35°F -37°C
Urethane: Shows good resistance to abrasives. Has poor resistance to most solvents and oils.	150°F 66°C	32°F 0°C
Virgin PTFE: (PFA/TFE) Chemically inert, virtually impervious. Very few chemicals are known to chemically react with PTFE; molten alkali metals, turbulent liquid or gaseous fluorine and a few fluoro-chemicals such as chlorine trifluoride or oxygen difluoride which readily liberate free fluorine at elevated temperatures.	220°F 104°C	-35°F -37°C

Maximum and Minimum Temperatures are the limits for which these materials can be operated. Temperatures coupled with pressure affect the longevity of diaphragm pump components. Maximum life should not be expected at the extreme limits of the temperature ranges.

Metals:

In addition, the ambient temperature range and the process temperature range do not exceed the operating temperature range of the applied non-metallic parts as listed in the manuals of the pumps.

Alloy C: Equal to ASTM494 CW-12M-1 specification for nickel and nickel alloy.

Stainless Steel: Equal to or exceeding ASTM specification A743 CF-8M for corrosion resistant iron chromium, iron chromium nickel and nickel based alloy castings for general applications. Commonly referred to as 316 Stainless Steel in the pump industry.

For specific applications, always consult the Chemical Resistance Chart.

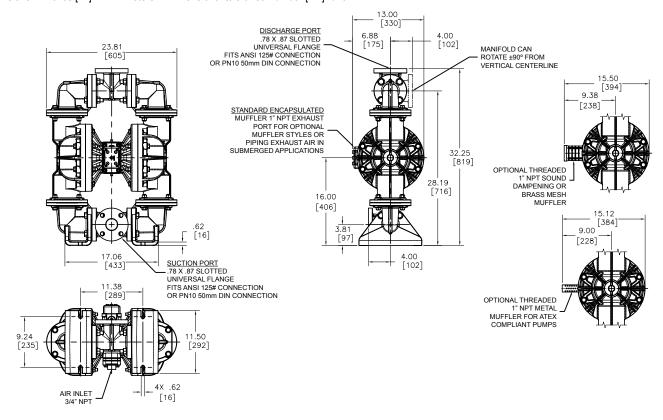


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Dimensional Drawings

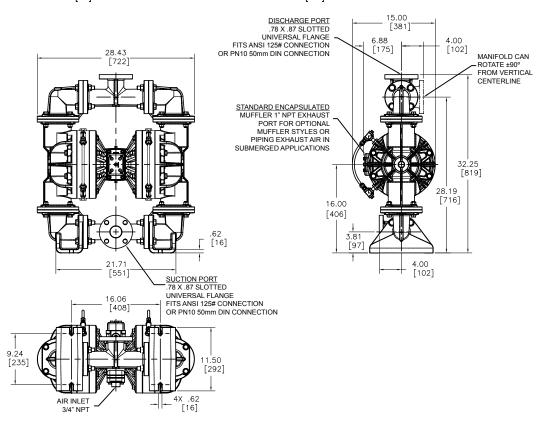
S20 Non-Metallic

Dimensions in Inches [] in Millimeters. Dimensional tolerance: +/- 1/8" [] +/- 3mm



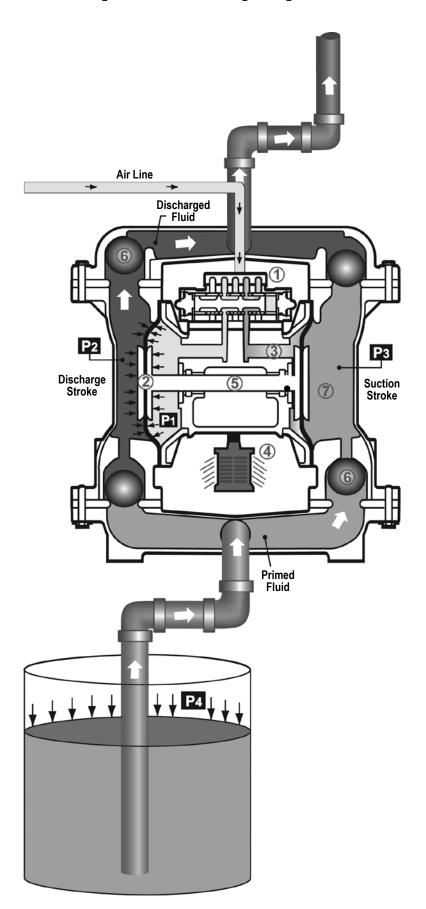
S20 Non-Metallic with Spill Containment

Dimensions in Inches [] in Millimeters. Dimensional tolerance: +/- 1/8" [] +/- 3mm





Principle of Pump Operation



Air-Operated Double Diaphragm (AODD) pumps are powered by compressed air or nitrogen.

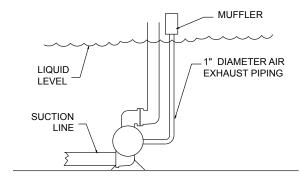
The main directional (air) control valve ① distributes compressed air to an air chamber, exerting uniform pressure over the inner surface of the diaphragm ②. At the same time, the exhausting air ③ from behind the opposite diaphragm is directed through the air valve assembly(s) to an exhaust port ④.

As inner chamber pressure **(P1)** exceeds liquid chamber pressure **(P2)**, the rod ⑤ connected diaphragms shift together creating discharge on one side and suction on the opposite side. The discharged and primed liquid's directions are controlled by the check valves (ball or flap)⑥ orientation.

The pump primes as a result of the suction stroke. The suction stroke lowers the chamber pressure (P3) increasing the chamber volume. This results in a pressure differential necessary for atmospheric pressure (P4) to push the fluid through the suction piping and across the suction side check valve and into the outer fluid chamber T.

Suction (side) stroking also initiates the reciprocating (shifting, stroking or cycling) action of the pump. The suction diaphragm's movement is mechanically pulled through its stroke. The diaphragm's inner plate makes contact with an actuator plunger aligned to shift the pilot signaling valve. Once actuated, the pilot valve sends a pressure signal to the opposite end of the main directional air valve, redirecting the compressed air to the opposite inner chamber.

SUBMERGED ILLUSTRATION



Pump can be submerged if the pump materials of construction are compatible with the liquid being pumped. The air exhaust must be piped above the liquid level. When the pumped product source is at a higher level than the pump (flooded suction condition), pipe the exhaust higher than the product source to prevent siphoning spills.

Recommended Installation Guide

Available Accessories: 1. Surge Suppressor Unregulated Air 1 2. Filter/Regulator Supply to Surge Surge Suppressor Suppressor 3. Air Dryer Pressure Gauge Shut-Off Valve Pipe Connection Note: Surge Suppressor and (Style Optional) Piping must be supported after Flexible Connector Discharge the flexible connection Check Valve Shut-Off Drain Port Valve Muffler (Optional Piped Exhaust) Air Inlet Flexible Connector 3 Vacuum Gauge Filter Regulator Air Dryer Suction **CAUTION** Shut-Off Valve The air exhaust should be piped to an area Drain Port for safe disposition of the product being pumped, in the event of a diaphragm failure.

Installation And Start-Up

Locate the pump as close to the product being pumped as possible. Keep the suction line length and number of fittings to a minimum. Do not reduce the suction line diameter.

Air Supply

Connect the pump air inlet to an air supply with sufficient capacity and pressure to achieve desired performance. A pressure regulating valve should be installed to insure air supply pressure does not exceed recommended limits.

Air Valve Lubrication

The air distribution system is designed to operate WITHOUT lubrication. This is the standard mode of operation. If lubrication is designed, install an air line lubricator set to deliver one drop of SAE 10 non-detergent oil for every 20 SCFM (9.4 liters/sec.) of air the pump consumes. Consult the Performance Curve to determine air consumption.

Air Line Moisture

Water in the compressed air supply may cause icing or freezing of the exhaust air, causing the pump to cycle erratically or stop operating. Water in the air supply can be reduced by using a point-of-use air dryer.

Air Inlet And Priming

To start the pump, slightly open the air shut-off valve. After the pump primes, the air valve can be opened to increase air flow as desired. If opening the valve increases cycling rate, but does not increase the rate of flow, cavitation has occurred. The valve should be closed slightly to obtain the most efficient air flow to pump flow ratio.



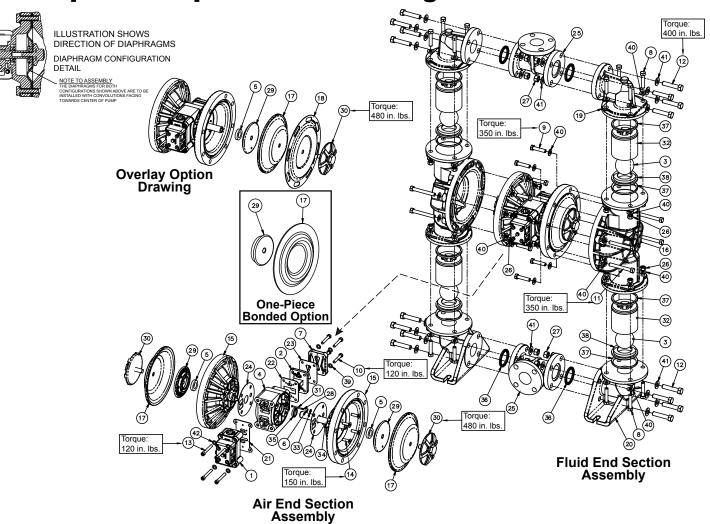
Troubleshooting Guide

Symptom:	Potential Cause(s):	Recommendation(s):
Pump Cycles Once	Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air	Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Pump is designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow.
' '	supply pressure).	(Does not apply to high pressure 2:1 units).
	Air valve or intermediate gaskets installed incorrectly.	Install gaskets with holes properly aligned.
D MEH N (O (Bent or missing actuator plunger.	Remove pilot valve and inspect actuator plungers.
Pump Will Not Operate	Pump is over lubricated.	Set lubricator on lowest possible setting or remove. Units are designed for lube free operation.
/ Cycle	Lack of air (line size, PSI, CFM).	Check the air line size and length, compressor capacity (HP vs. CFM required).
	Check air distribution system. Discharge line is blocked or clogged manifolds.	Disassemble and inspect main air distribution valve, pilot valve and pilot valve actuators. Check for inadvertently closed discharge line valves. Clean discharge manifolds/piping.
	Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air	Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Pump is designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow.
	supply pressure).	(Does not apply to high pressure 2:1 units).
	Blocked air exhaust muffler.	Remove muffler screen, clean or de-ice, and re-install.
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.
	Pump chamber is blocked.	Disassemble and inspect wetted chambers. Remove or flush any obstructions.
Pump Cycles and Will	Cavitation on suction side.	Check suction condition (move pump closer to product).
Not Prime or No Flow	Check valve obstructed. Valve ball(s) not seating properly or sticking.	Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket. Clean out around valve ball cage and valve seat area. Replace valve ball or valve seat if damaged. Use heavier valve ball material.
	Valve ball(s) missing (pushed into chamber or manifold).	Worn valve ball or valve seat. Worn fingers in valve ball cage (replace part). Check Chemical Resistance Guide for compatibility.
	Valve ball(s) / seat(s) damaged or attacked by product.	Check Chemical Resistance Guide for compatibility.
	Check valve and/or seat is worn or needs adjusting.	Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper setting. Replace if necessary.
	Suction line is blocked.	Remove or flush obstruction. Check and clear all suction screens or strainers.
	Excessive suction lift.	For lifts exceeding 20' of liquid, filling the chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.
	Suction side air leakage or air in product.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections.
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.
Pump Cycles Running	Over lubrication.	Set lubricator on lowest possible setting or remove. Units are designed for lube free operation.
Sluggish / Stalling,	lcing.	Remove muffler screen, de-ice, and re-install. Install a point of use air drier.
Flow Unsatisfactory	Clogged manifolds.	Clean manifolds to allow proper air flow.
	Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air supply pressure).	Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Pump is designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow. (Does not apply to high pressure 2:1 units).
	Cavitation on suction side.	Check suction (move pump closer to product).
	Lack of air (line size, PSI, CFM).	Check the air line size, length, compressor capacity.
	Excessive suction lift.	For lifts exceeding 20' of liquid, filling the chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.
	Air supply pressure or volume exceeds system hd.	Decrease inlet air (press. and vol.) to the pump. Pump is cavitating the fluid by fast cycling.
	Undersized suction line.	Meet or exceed pump connections.
	Restrictive or undersized air line.	Install a larger air line and connection.
	Suction side air leakage or air in product.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections.
	Suction line is blocked.	Remove or flush obstruction. Check and clear all suction screens or strainers.
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.
	Check valve obstructed.	Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket.
	Check valve and/or seat is worn or needs adjusting.	Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper setting. Replace if necessary.
	Entrained air or vapor lock in chamber(s).	Purge chambers through tapped chamber vent plugs. Purging the chambers of air can be dangerous.
Product Leaking	Diaphragm failure, or diaphragm plates loose.	Replace diaphragms, check for damage and ensure diaphragm plates are tight.
Through Exhaust	Diaphragm stretched around center hole or bolt holes.	Check for excessive inlet pressure or air pressure. Consult Chemical Resistance Chart for compatibility with products, cleaners, temperature limitations and lubrication.
Premature Diaphragm	Cavitation.	Enlarge pipe diameter on suction side of pump.
Failure	Excessive flooded suction pressure.	Move pump closer to product. Raise pump/place pump on top of tank to reduce inlet pressure. Install Back pressure device (Tech bulletin 41r). Add accumulation tank or pulsation dampener.
	Misapplication (chemical/physical incompatibility).	Consult Chemical Resistance Chart for compatibility with products, cleaners, temperature limitations and lubrication.
	Incorrect diaphragm plates or plates on backwards, installed incorrectly or worn.	Check Operating Manual to check for correct part and installation. Ensure outer plates have not been worn to a sharp edge.
Unbalanced Cycling	Excessive suction lift.	For lifts exceeding 20' of liquid, filling the chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.
	Undersized suction line.	Meet or exceed pump connections.
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.
	Suction side air leakage or air in product.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections.
	Check valve obstructed.	Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket.
	Check valve and/or seat is worn or needs adjusting.	Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper setting. Replace if necessary.
	Entrained air or vapor lock in chamber(s).	Purge chambers through tapped chamber vent plugs.

For additional troubleshooting tips contact After Sales Support at service.warrenrupp@idexcorp.com or 419-524-8388



Composite Repair Parts Drawing



Service & Repair Kits

476-253-000	Air End Kit Seals, O-Rings, Gaskets, Retaining Rings, Air Valve Sleeve & Spool Set	476-257-635	Wetted End Kit Neoprene Diaphragms, PTFE Overlay Diaphragms, PTFE Balls and PTFE Seals
476-253-559	and Pilot Valve Assembly Air End Kit (for Conductive Polypropylene pumps) Seals, O-Rings, Gaskets,	476-257-654	Wetted End Kit Santoprene Diaphragms, PTFE Overlay Diaphragms, PTFE Balls and PTFE Seals
	Retaining Rings, Air Valve Sleeve & Spool Set and Pilot Valve Assembly	476-257-659	Wetted End Kit One-Piece Bonded Diaphragms, PTFE Balls and PTFE Seals
476-257-354	Wetted End Kit Santoprene Diaphragms, Santoprene Balls and TFE Seals	476-258-354	Wetted End Kit (For Santoprene Spill Containment Pumps) Santoprene Driver Diaphragms, Santoprene Pumping
476-257-360	Wetted End Kit Nitrile Diaphragms, Nitrile Balls and PTFE Seals	476-258-640	Diaphragms, Santoprene Balls, and PTFE Seals Wetted End Kit (For PTFE Spill Containment Pumps)
476-257-365	Wetted End Kit Neoprene Diaphragms, Neoprene Balls and PTFE Seals		Neoprene Diaphragms, PTFE Overlay Diaphragms, PTFE Balls and PTFE Seals
476-257-633	Wetted End Kit FKM Diaphragms, PTFE Balls and PTFE Seals		

SANDPIPER®

Composite Repair Parts List

	•		
<u>Item</u>	Part Number	Description	Qty
(1)	031-140-000	Air Valve Assembly	1
	A 031-140-001	Air Valve Assembly	1
	031-140-002	Air Valve Assembly	
	004 440 400	w/PTFE Coated Hardware	1
	031.140.162	Air Valve Assembly	1
	004 444 000	(Brass Spool - Stainless Sleeve)	
	031-141-000	Air Valve Assembly (No Muffler)	1
	A 031-141-001	Air Valve Assembly (No Muffler)	1
	031-141-162	Air Valve Assembly	
	A	(No Muffler Brass Spool - Stainless	Sleeve)
	A 031-146-000	Air Valve Assembly	
	^ · · · -	(With Stroke Indicator Option)	1
	A 031-147-000	Air Valve Assembly	
_		(With Stroke Indicator Option) (No M	
2)	095-110-558	Pilot Valve Assembly	1
<u> </u>	050-038-354	Ball, Check	4
	050-038-360	Ball, Check	4
	050-038-365	Ball, Check	4
	050-038-600	Ball, Check	4
ŀ	114-024-551	Intermediate Assembly	1
	114-024-559	Intermediate Assembly	1
	132-035-360	Bumper Diaphragm	2
)	135-034-506	Bushing, Plunger	2
7	165-116-551	Air Inlet Cap Assembly	1
	A 165-116-559	Air Inlet Cap Assembly	1
3	170-055-115	Capscrew, Hex HD	
		1/2-13 x 2.50	16
	170-055-308	Capscrew, Hex HD	
_		1/2-13 x 2.50	16
9	170-066-115	Capscrew, Hex HD	_
	.=	1/2-13 x 2.25	8
	170-066-308	Capscrew, Hex HD	_
		1/2-13 x 2.25	8
10	170-069-115	Capscrew, Hex HD	
	.=	5/16-18 x 1.75	4
	170-069-308	Capscrew, Hex HD	
	470 000 445	5/16-18x 1.75	4
11	170-092-115	Capscrew, Hex HD	
	470 000 000	1/2-13 x 4.00	8
	170-092-308	Capscrew, Hex HD	•
10	470 045 445	1/2-13 x 4.00	8
12	170-015-115	Capscrew, Hex HD	40
	470 045 000	5/8-11 x 2.75	16
	170-015-308	Capscrew, Hex HD	40
10	474 050 445	5/8-11-x 2.75	16
13	171-053-115	Capscrew, Soc HD	4
	171 052 200	3/8-16 X 2.75	4
	171-053-308	Capscrew, Soc HD	4
	474 070 445	3/8-16X 2.75	4
14	171-078-115	Capscrew, Flat HD	0
ı E	100 100 EE1	3/8-16 X1.25	8 2
15	196-188-551	Chamber, Inner Chamber, Inner	
16	196-188-559 196-190-520	, -	2 2
O		Chamber, Outer	2
	196-190-552	Chamber, Outer	2
7	196-190-557 286-005-354	Chamber, Outer	2
		Diaphragm Diaphragm	2
	286-005-360	Diaphragm Diaphragm	2
	286-005-363	Diaphragm Diaphragm	2
	286-005-365	Diaphragm	2
	286-114-000	Diaphragm,	^
10	206 440 000	One-Piece Bonded PTFE	2
<u> 8 </u>	286-119-600	Diaphragm, Overlay	2
19	312-102-520	Elbow, Discharge	2
	312-102-552 • 312-102-557	Elbow, Discharge	2 2
	A 312-102-557	Elbow, Discharge	2

<u>ltem</u>	Part Number	Description	Qty
20	312-116-520	Elbow, Suction	2
	312-116-552	Elbow, Suction	2
	A 312-116-557	Elbow, Suction	2
2)	360-093-360	Gasket, Main Air Valve	1
②	360-103-360	Gasket, Pilot Valve	1
23	360-104-360	Gasket, Air Inlet Cap	1
	A 360-104-379	Gasket, Air Inlet Cap	
		(Conductive Models Only)	1
24	360-107-360	Gasket, Inner Chamber	2
25	518-199-520	Manifold	2 2
	518-199-552	Manifold	2
	A 518-199-557	Manifold	2
26	545-008-110	Nut, Hex 1/2-13	24
	545-008-308	Nut, Hex 1/2-13	24
27	545-009-110	Nut, Hex 5/8-11	1
	545-009-308	Nut, Hex 5/8-11	16
23	560-001-360	O-Ring	2
29	612-195-157	Inner Diaphragm Plate	2
	612-227-150	Inner Diaphragm Plate	
		(One-Piece Bonded Option)	2
30	612-225-520	Outer, Plate Diaphragm	2
	612-225-552	Outer, Plate Diaphragm	2
③ 32	620-004-114	Plunger, Actuator	2
32	670-046-520	Retainer, Ball	4
_	670-046-552	Retainer, Ball	4
34 35 36 37	675-042-115	Ring, Retainer	2
34	685-063-120	Rod Diaphragm	1
<u> </u>	720-004-360	Seal, U-Cup	2
36	720-038-600	Seal, Manifold	4
	720-041-600	Seal, Check Valve Assembly	8
38	722-075-520	Seat, Check Valve	4
	722-075-552	Seat, Check Valve	4
39	901-038-115	Washer, Flat 5/16"	4
	901-038-308	Washer, Flat 5/16"	4
40	901-046-115	Washer, Flat 1/2"	48
	901-046-308	Washer, Flat 1/2"	48
41	901-047-115	Washer, Flat 5/8"	32
	901-047-308	Washer, Flat 5/8"	32
42	901-048-115	Washer, Flat 3/8"	4
	901-048-308	Washer, Flat 3/8"	4
NOT S	HOWN:		
	535-010-000	Muffler	1
	530-027-000	Muffler	1
	530-033-000	Muffler	1

LEGEND:

O= Items contained within Air End Kits

= Items contianed within Wet End Kits

Note: Kits contain components specific to the material codes.





(Ex) A ATEX Compliant



Material Codes - The Last 3 Digits of Part Number

- 000.....Assembly, sub-assembly; and some purchased items
- 010.....Cast Iron
- 015.....Ductile Iron
- 020.....Ferritic Malleable Iron
- 080.....Carbon Steel, AISI B-1112
- 110.....Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel
- 111Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel (Electro Polished)
- 112.....Alloy C
- 113.....Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel (Hand Polished)
- 114.....303 Stainless Steel
- 115.....302/304 Stainless Steel
- 117.....440-C Stainless Steel (Martensitic)
- 120.....416 Stainless Steel (Wrought Martensitic)
- 148.....Hardcoat Anodized Aluminum
- 150.....6061-T6 Aluminum
- 152.....2024-T4 Aluminum (2023-T351)
- 155.....356-T6 Aluminum
- 156.....356-T6 Aluminum
- 157.....Die Cast Aluminum Alloy #380
- 158.....Aluminum Alloy SR-319
- 162.....Brass, Yellow, Screw Machine Stock
- 165.....Cast Bronze, 85-5-5-5
- 166.....Bronze, SAE 660
- 170.....Bronze, Bearing Type, Oil Impregnated
- 180.....Copper Alloy
- 305.....Carbon Steel, Black Epoxy Coated
- 306.....Carbon Steel, Black PTFE Coated
- 307.....Aluminum, Black Epoxy Coated
- 308.....Stainless Steel, Black PTFE Coated
- 309.....Aluminum, Black PTFE Coated
- 313.....Aluminum, White Epoxy Coated
- 330.....Zinc Plated Steel
- 332.....Aluminum, Electroless Nickel Plated
- 333.....Carbon Steel, Electroless
 - Nickel Plated
- 335.....Galvanized Steel
- 337.....Silver Plated Steel
- 351.....Food Grade Santoprene®
- 353.....Geolast; Color: Black
- 354.....Injection Molded #203-40
 - Santoprene® Duro 40D +/-5;
- Color: RED
- 356.....Hytrel®
- 357..... Injection Molded Polyurethane
- 358.....Urethane Rubber
 - (Some Applications)
 - (Compression Mold)
- 359.....Urethane Rubber
- 360.....Nitrile Rubber Color coded: RED
- 363.....FKM (Fluorocarbon)
 Color coded: YELLOW

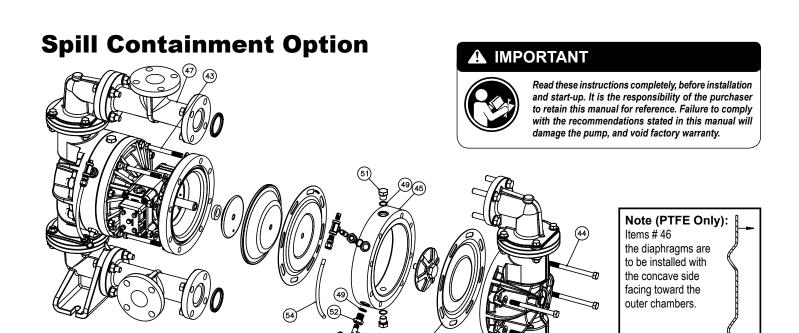
- 364.....EPDM Rubber
 - Color coded: BLUE
- 365.....Neoprene Rubber
 - Color coded: GREEN
- 366.....Food Grade Nitrile
- 368.....Food Grade EPDM
- 371.....Philthane (Tuftane)
- 374.....Carboxylated Nitrile
- 375.....Fluorinated Nitrile
- 378.....High Density Polypropylene
- 379.....Conductive Nitrile
- 408.....Cork and Neoprene
- 425.....Compressed Fibre
- 426.....Blue Gard
- 440.....Vegetable Fibre
- 500.....Delrin® 500
- 502.....Conductive Acetal, ESD-800
- 503.....Conductive Acetal, Glass-Filled
- 506.....Delrin® 150
- 520.....Injection Molded PVDF
 - Natural color
- 540.....Nylon
- 542.....Nylon
- 544.....Nylon Injection Molded
- 550.....Polyethylene
- 551.....Glass Filled Polypropylene
- 552.....Unfilled Polypropylene
- 555.....Polyvinyl Chloride
- 556.....Black Vinyl
- 557.....Unfilled Conductive Polypropylene
- 558.....Conductive HDPE
- 559.....Glass Filled Conductive Polypropylene
- 570.....Rulon II®
- 580.....Ryton®
- 600.....PTFE (virgin material)
 Tetrafluorocarbon (TFE)
- 603.....Blue Gylon®
- 604.....PTFE
- 606.....PTFE
- 607.....Envelon
- 608.....Conductive PTFE
- 610.....PTFE Encapsulated Silicon
- 611.....PTFE Encapsulated FKM
- 632....Neoprene/Hytrel®
- 633.....FKM/PTFE
- 634.....EPDM/PTFE
- 635.....Neoprene/PTFE
- 637.....PTFE, FKM/PTFE
- 638.....PTFE, Hytrel®/PTFE
- 639.....Nitrile/TFE
- 643.....Santoprene®/EPDM
- 644.....Santoprene®/PTFE
- 656.....Santoprene® Diaphragm and Check Balls/EPDM Seats
- 661.....EPDM/Santoprene®
- 666.....FDA Nitrile Diaphragm,
- PTFE Overlay, Balls, and Seals 668.....PTFE, FDA Santoprene®/PTFE

- Delrin and Hytrel are registered tradenames of E.I. DuPont.
- Nylatron is a registered tradename of Polymer Corp.
- Gylon is a registered tradename of Garlock, Inc.
- Santoprene is a registered tradename of Exxon Mobil Corp.
- Rulon II is a registered tradename of Dixion Industries Corp.
- Ryton is a registered tradename of Phillips Chemical Co.
- Valox is a registered tradename of General Electric Co.

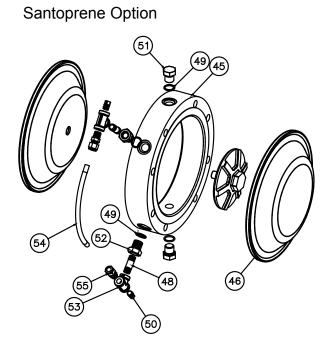
RECYCLING

Many components of SANDPIPER® AODD pumps are made of recyclable materials. We encourage pump users to recycle worn out parts and pumps whenever possible, after any hazardous pumped fluids are thoroughly flushed.





S20 Spill Containment Repair Parts List



Virgin PTFE Equipped Pumps

320	opin Contain	illelli Nepali Falts List	
Item	Part Number	Description (Qty
1	031-146-000	Air Valve Assembly	1
		(replaces 031-140-000)	
	031-147-000	Air Valve Assembly	1
		(replaces 031-141-000)	
43	170-073-115	Capscrew, Hex HD 1/2-13 x 4.50	8
		(replaces 170-068-115)	
	170-073-308	Capscrew, Hex HD 1/2-13 x 4.50	8
		(replaces170-068-115)	
44	170-102-115	Capscrew, Hex HD 1/2-13 x 6.00	8
		(replaces 170-095-115)	
	170-102-308	Capscrew, Hex HD 1/2-13 x 6.00	8
45	196-189-520	Chamber, Spill Prevention (PTFE Only)	2
	196-189-552	Chamber, Spill Prevention (PTFE Only)	2
	196.215.520	Chamber, Spill Prevention (Santoprene Only)	2
	196.215.552	Chamber, Spill Prevention (Santoprene Only)	2
46	286-120-600	Diaphragm, Pumping	2 2
	286.036.354	Diaphragm, Pumping	2
47	518-200-520	Manifold	2
		(replaces 518-199-520)	
	518-200-552	Manifold	2
		(replaces 518-199-552)	
48	538-022-110	Nipple, Pipe	4
	538-022-308	Nipple, Pipe	4
49	560-078-611	O-Ring	8
50	618-003-110	Plug, Pipe	4
	618-003-308	Plug, Pipe	4
51	618-025-110	Plug, Boss	4
	618-025-308	Plug, Boss	4
52	618-031-110	Plug, Boss	4
	618-031-308	Plug, Boss	4
53	835-005-110	Tee, Pipe	4
	835-005-308	Tee, Pipe	4
54	860-055-606	Tube, Sight	2
55	866-060-110	Connector, Tube	4
			_

Spill Containment Servicing

Read these instructions completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.

Step 1: With the unit removed from service. Remove each bottom boss plug (item 52). Drain the fluid from spill containment chambers. With manifolds and outer chambers removed, remove diaphragm assemblies from diaphragm rod.

DO NOT use a pipe wrench or similar tool to remove assembly from rod. Flaws in the rod surface may damage bearings and seal. Soft jaws in a vise are recommended to prevent diaphragm rod damage.

Step 1.A: NOTE: Not all inner diaphragm plates are threaded. Some models utilize a through hole in the inner diaphragm plate. If required to separate diaphragm assembly, place assembly in a vise, gripping on the exterior cast diameter of the inner plate. Turn the outer plate clockwise to separate the assembly.

Always inspect diaphragms for wear cracks or chemical attack. Inspect inner and outer plates for deformities, rust scale and wear. Inspect intermediate bearings for elongation and wear. Inspect diaphragm rod for wear or marks. Clean or repair if appropriate. Replace as required.

Step 2: Reassembly: There are two different types of diaphragm plate assemblies utilized throughout the Sandpiper product line: Outer plate with a threaded stud, diaphragm, and a threaded inner plate. Outer plate with a threaded stud, diaphragm, and an inner plate with through hole. Secure threaded inner plate in a vise. Ensure that the plates are being installed with the outer radius against the diaphragm.

Step 3: Lightly lubricate, with a compatible material, the inner faces of both outer and inner diaphragm plates when using on non-Overlay diaphragms (For EPDM water is recommended). No lubrication is required.

Step 4: Push the threaded outer diaphragm plate through the center hole of the diaphragm.

Note: Most diaphragms are installed with the natural bulge out towards the fluid side.

Step 5: Thread or place, outer plate stud into the inner plate. For threaded inner plates, use a torque wrench to tighten the assembly together. Torque values are called out on the exploded view. Repeat procedure for second side assembly. Allow a minimum of 15 minutes to elapse after torqueing, and then re-torque the assembly to compensate for stress relaxation in the clamped assembly.

Step 6: Thread one assembly onto the diaphragm rod with sealing washer (when used) and bumper.

Step 7: Install diaphragm rod assembly into pump and reassemble containment chamber then the pumping diaphragms (item 46) secure by installing the outer chamber in place and tightening the capscrews. Replace bottom boss plug (item 52) and new O-Ring (item 49) NOTE: The spill containment option has two additional pumping diaphragms (item 41). These diaphragms are installed with the natural concave curve toward the outer chamber.

Step 8: On opposite side of pump, thread the remaining assembly onto the diaphragm rod. Using a torque wrench, tighten the assembly to the diaphragm rod. Align diaphragm through bolt holes, always going forward past the recommended torque. Torque values are called out on the exploded view. NEVER reverse to align holes, if alignment cannot be achieved without damage to diaphragm, loosen complete assemblies, rotate diaphragm and reassemble as described above.

Step 9: Reassemble containment chamber then the pumping diaphragms (item 46) secure by installing the outer chamber in place and tightening the capscrews. Replace bottom boss plug (item 52) and new O-Ring (item 49).

NOTE: The spill containment option has two additional pumping diaphragms (item 46). PTFE diaphragms are installed with the natural concave curve toward the outer chamber.

NOTE: One Piece Diaphragm Servicing (Bonded PTFE with integral plate) The One Piece diaphragm has a threaded stud installed in the integral plate at the factory. The inner diaphragm plate has a through hole instead of a threaded hole. Place the inner plate over the diaphragm stud and thread the first diaphragm / inner plate onto the diaphragm rod only until the inner plate contacts the rod. Do not tighten. A small amount of grease may be applied between the inner plate and the diaphragm to facilitate assembly. Insert the diaphragm / rod assembly into the pump and install the outer chamber. Turn the pump over and thread the second diaphragm / inner plate onto the diaphragm rod. Turn the diaphragm until the inner plate contacts the rod and hand tighten the assembly. Continue tightening until the bolt holes align with the inner chamber holes. DO NOT LEAVE THE ASSEMBLY LOOSE.

FILLING CHAMBERS WITH LIQUID

THE CHAMBERS ARE FILLED WITH WATER AT THE FACTORY.

If you prefer to substitute another liquid, to prevent system contamination consult the factory first to determine compatibility of the substitute with pump construction.

Follow the steps listed here to replace the liquid in the pump after disassembly or liquid loss:

- 10. With the top two boss plugs (items 51) removed. The spill containment chambers are filled through the exposed ports.
- 11. Install safety clip (item 1-K) into the smaller unthreaded hole in one end cap (item 1-E). This locks the valve spool to one side, keeping the pump from shifting. Apply air pressure to the air distribution valve.

12 Face the side of the pump with the installed safety clip. If the safety clip is installed in the top end cap, fill the left spill containment chamber. If the safety clip is installed on the bottom end cap, fill the right spill containment chamber. The volume of fluid is 1950 ml (65.9 fl. oz.). It is important that the exact amount of fluid is used. Too little or too much fluid causes premature diaphragm failure and erratic pumping.

- 13. Loosely reinstall one boss plug (item 51) to the filled spill containment chamber.
- 14. Shut off air supply. Remove safety clip. Manually shift air valve by pushing stroke indicator pin in the opposite direction of current position. Install safety clip (item 1-K) into the smaller unthreaded hole in the opposite end cap (item 1-E). This locks the valve spool to one side, keeping the pump from shifting. Adjust the airline regulator so that air pressure slowly fills the pump. The diaphragm expands, forcing the fluid in the chamber to be slowly displaced.

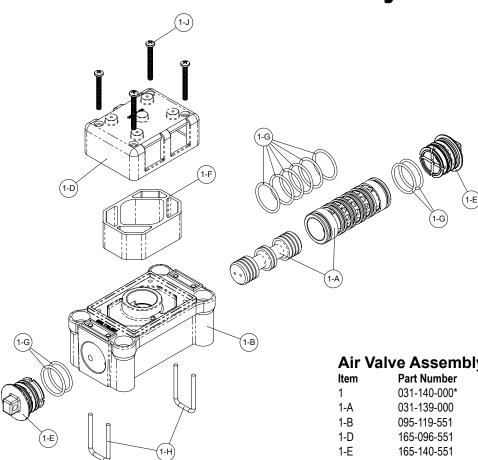
15. Loosen the top boss plug (item 51) on the filled chambers. This allows fluid in the chamber to purge trapped air from the chamber. This can be seen by watching the column of fluid in the sight tube. When fluid appears at the top of the port, quickly tighten the boss plug. Fluid loss of 1 to 2ml is acceptable.

16. Tilt the pump so the uppermost pipe tee (item 53) is in the vertical position. Loosen the pipe plug (item 50). This will allow trapped air to purge through the pipe tee. When fluid appears at the tee opening, reinstall the pipe plug. NOTE: If all air is not purged using this procedure, remove the check valve components from the top port of the outer chamber (item16). Apply manual pressure to the pumping diaphragm by inserting a blunt instrument into the top port of the outer chamber and applying pressure to the diaphragm. Loosen the pipe plug (item 50) allowing the fluid to purge any remaining trapped air. Reinstall the plug.

- 17. Repeat steps 12 through 16 to fill opposite spill containment chamber.
- 18. Reinstall the check valve components, discharge manifold and elbows to the pump. The pump is now ready for operation.



Air Distribution Valve Assembly



Air Distribution Valve Servicing

See repair parts drawing, remove screws.

Step 1: Remove staple retainer (1-H).

Step 2: Remove end cap (1-E).

Step 3: Remove spool part of (1-A) (caution: do not scratch).

Step 4: Press sleeve (1-A) from body (1-B).

Step 5: Inspect O-Ring (1-H) and replace if necessary.

Step 6: Lightly lubricate O-Rings (1-H) on sleeve (1-A).

Step 7: Press sleeve (1-A) into body (1-B).

Step 8: Reassemble in reverse order, starting with step 3.

Note: Sleeve and spool (1-A) set is match ground to a specified clearance sleeve and spools (1-A) cannot be interchanged.

IMPORTANT



Read these instructions completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.

Air Valve Assembly Parts List

Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
1	031-140-000*	Air Valve Assembly	1
1-A	031-139-000	Sleeve and Spool Set	1
1-B	095-119-551	Body, Air Valve	1
1-D	165-096-551	Cap, Muffler	1
1-E	165-140-551	Cap, End	2
1-F	530-028-550	Muffler	1
1-G	560-020-360	O-Ring	10
1-H	675-068-115	Staple	2
1-J	710-015-115	Screw, Self-tapping	4

For Pumps with Piped Exhaust:

031-141-000* Air Valve Assembly (Includes all items used on 031-140-000 minus items 1-D, 1-F & 1-J)

Air Valve Assembly Parts List

Λ	Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
В	,1	031-140-001	Air Valve Assembly	1
	1-A	031-139-000	Sleeve and Spool Set	1
	1-B	095-119-559	Body, Air Valve	1
	1-D	165-096-559	Cap, Muffler	1
	1-E	165-140-559	Cap, End	2
	1-F	530-028-550	Muffler	1
	1-G	560-020-360	O-Ring	10
	1-H	675-068-115	Staple	2
	1-J	710-015-115	Screw, Self-tapping	4

For P	umps with Metal Mesh Mul	fler or Piped Exhaust:
1	031-141-001	Air Valve Assembly

(Includes all items used on 031-140-001

minus items 1-D, 1-F & 1-J)



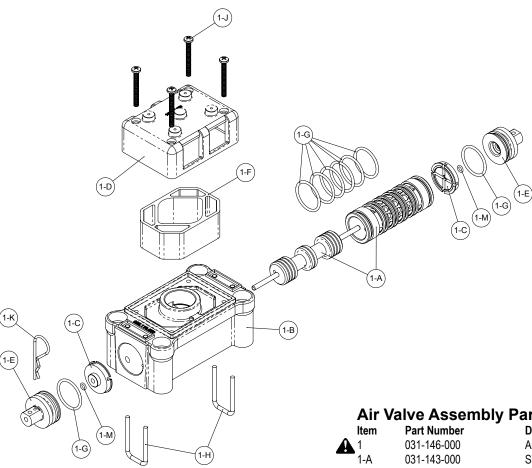


^{*} For pumps with stainless brass sleeve and spool set use replace last three digits with 162



Air Valve with Stroke Indicator Assembly

Note: Stroke Indicator is standard on Spill Containment models



Air Distribution Valve Servicing

See repair parts drawing, remove screws.

Step 1: Remove staple retainer (1-H).

Step 2: Remove end cap (1-E), bumper (1-C).

Step 3: Remove spool part of (1-A) (caution, do not scratch).

Step 4: Press sleeve (1-A) from body (1-B).

Step 5: Inspect O-Ring (1-G) and replace if necessary.

Step 6: Lightly lubricate O-Rings (1-G) on sleeve (1-A).

Step 7: Press sleeve (1-A) into body (1-B).

Step 8: Reassemble in reverse order.

Note: Sleeve and spool (1-A) set is match ground to a specified clearance sleeve and spools (1-A) cannot be interchanged.

Air Valve	Assembly	Parts List
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Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
A 1	031-146-000	Air Valve Assembly	1
1-A	031-143-000	Sleeve and Spool Set w/Pins	1
1-B	095-119-559	Body, Air Valve	1
1-C	132-039-551	Bumper	2
1-D	165-096-559	Cap, Muffler	1
1-E	165-156-147	Cap, End	2
1-F	530-028-550	Muffler	1
1-G	560-020-360	O-Ring	8
1-H	675-068-115	Staple	2
1-J	710-015-115	Screw, Self-Tapping	4
1-K	210-008-330	Clip, Safety	1
1-M	560-029-360	O-Ring	2

For Pumps with PTFE Coated Hardware:

(includes all other items on 031-146-000 above)				
1-J	710-015-308	Screw, Self Tapping	4	
1	031-146-002	Air Valve Assembly	1	

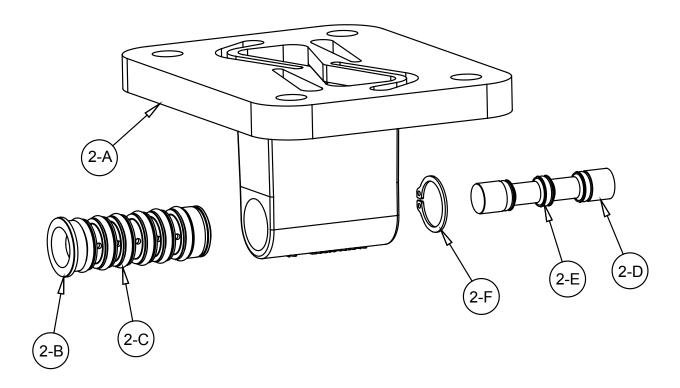
For Pumps with Piped Exhaust:

4	,1	031-147-000	Air Valve Assembly	1
	(includes	all items on 031-14	l6-000 minus 1-D, 1-F, & 1-J)	





Pilot Valve Assembly



Pilot Valve Servicing

With Pilot Valve removed from pump.

oled i. Remove snap mig (2-1)	Step '	1:	Remove snap	ring	(2-F)	١.
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Step 2: Remove sleeve (2-B), inspect O-Rings (2-C), replace if required.

Step 3: Remove spool (2-D) from sleeve (2-B), inspect O-Rings (2E), replace if required.

Step 4: Lightly lubricate O-Rings (2-C) and (2-E).

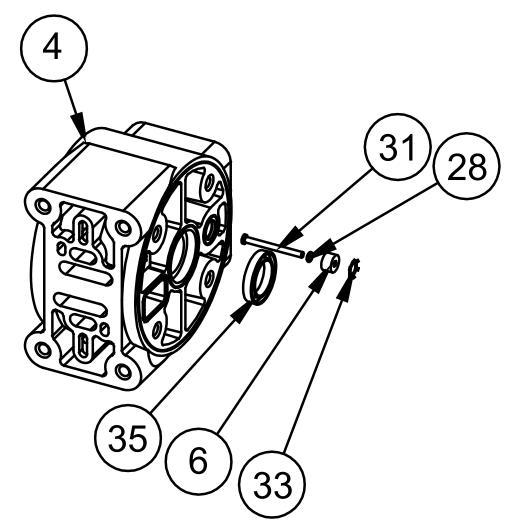
Reassemble in reverse order.

Pilot Valve Assembly Parts List

Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
2	095-110-558	Pilot Valve Assembly	1
2-A	095-095-558	Valve Body	1
2-B	755-052-000	Sleeve (With O-Rings)	1
2-C	560-033-360	O-Ring (Sleeve)	6
2-D	775-055-000	Spool (With O-Rings)	1
2-E	560-023-360	O-Ring (Spool)	3
2-F	675-037-080	Retaining Ring	1



Intermediate Assembly



Intermediate Assembly Drawing

- **Step 1:** Remove plunger, actuator (31) from center of intermediate pilot valve cavity.
- Step 2: Remove Ring, Retaining (33), discard.
- **Step 3:** Remove bushing, plunger (6), inspect for wear and replace if necessary with genuine parts.
- **Step 4:** Remove O-Ring (28), inspect for wear and replace if necessary with genuine parts.
- **Step 5:** Lightly lubricate O-Ring (28) and insert into intermediate.
- Step 6: Reassemble in reverse order.
- Step 7: Remove Seal, Diaphragm Rod (35).
- **Step 8:** Clean seal area, lightly lubricate and install new Seal, Diaphragm Rod (35).

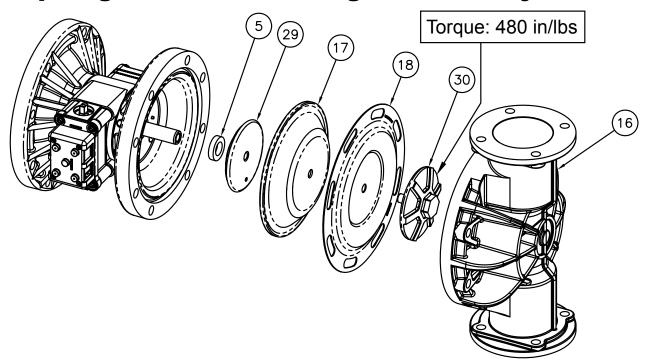
A IMPORTANT



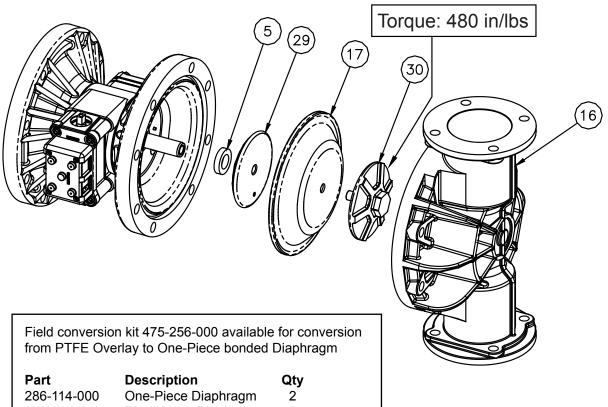
When the pumped product source is at a higher level than the pump (flooded suction condition), pipe the exhaust higher than the product source to prevent siphoning spills. In the event of a diaphragm failure a complete rebuild of the center section is recommended.



Diaphragm Service Drawing with Overlay



Diaphragm Service Drawing, Non-Overlay



612-227-150 Plate, Inner Diaphragm 2



Diaphragm Servicing

Step 1: With manifolds and outer chambers removed, remove diaphragm assemblies from diaphragm rod. DO NOT use a pipe wrench or similar tool to remove assembly from rod. Flaws in the rod surface may damage bearings and seal. Soft jaws in a vise are recommended to prevent diaphragm rod damage.

Step 1.A: NOTE: Not all inner diaphragm plates are threaded. Some models utilize a through hole in the inner diaphragm plate. If required to separate diaphragm assembly, place assembly in a vise, gripping on the exterior cast diameter of the inner plate. Turn the outer plate clockwise to separate the assembly.

Always inspect diaphragms for wear cracks or chemical attack. Inspect inner and outer plates for deformities, rust scale and wear. Inspect intermediate bearings for elongation and wear. Inspect diaphragm rod for wear or marks.

Clean or repair if appropriate. Replace as required.

Step 2: Reassembly: There are two different types of diaphragm plate assemblies utilized throughout the Sandpiper product line: Outer plate with a threaded stud, diaphragm, and a threaded inner plate.

Outer plate with a threaded stud, diaphragm, and an inner plate with through hole. Secure threaded inner plate in a vise. Ensure that the plates are being installed with the outer radius against the diaphragm.

Step 3: Lightly lubricate, with a compatible material, the inner faces of both outer and inner diaphragm plates when using on non Overlay diaphragms (For EPDM water is recommended). No lubrication is required.

Step 4: Push the threaded outer diaphragm plate through the center hole of the diaphragm. Note: Most diaphragms are installed with the natural bulge out towards the fluid side. S05. S07, and S10 non-metallic units are installed with the natural bulge in towards the air side.

Step 5: Thread or place, outer plate stud into the inner plate. For threaded inner plates, use a torque wrench to tighten the assembly together. Torque values are called out on the exploded view.

Repeat procedure for second side assembly. Allow a minimum of 15 minutes to elapse after torquing, then re-torque the assembly to compensate for stress relaxation in the clamped assembly.

Step 6: Thread one assembly onto the diaphragm rod with sealing washer (when used) and bumper.

Step 7: Install diaphragm rod assembly into pump and secure by installing the outer chamber in place and tightening the capscrews. Step 8: On opposite side of pump, thread the remaining assembly onto the diaphragm rod. Using a torque wrench, tighten the assembly to the diaphragm rod. Align diaphragm through bolt holes, always going forward past the recommended torque. Torque values are called out on the exploded view. **NEVER** reverse to align holes, if alignment cannot be achieved without damage to diaphragm, loosen complete assemblies, rotate diaphragm and reassemble as described above.

Step 9: Complete assembly of entire unit.

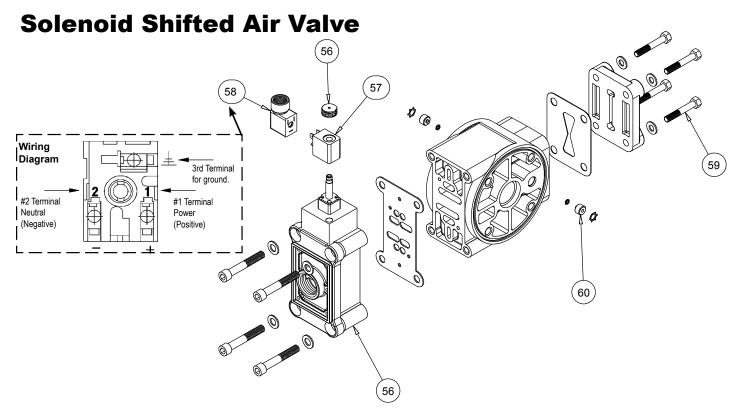
One Piece Diaphragm Servicing (Bonded PTFE with integral plate) The One Piece diaphragm has a threaded stud installed in the integral plate at the factory. The inner diaphragm plate has a through hole instead of a threaded hole. Place the inner plate over the diaphragm stud and thread the first diaphragm / inner plate onto the diaphragm rod only until the inner plate contacts the rod. Do not tighten. A small amount of grease may be applied between the inner plate and the diaphragm to facilitate assembly. Insert the diaphragm / rod assembly into the pump and install the outer chamber. Turn the pump over and thread the second diaphragm / inner plate onto the diaphragm rod. Turn the diaphragm until the inner plate contacts the rod and hand tighten the assembly. Continue tightening until the bolt holes align with the inner chamber holes. DO NOT LEAVE THE ASSEMBLY LOOSE.

IMPORTANT



Read these instructions completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.





Solenoid Shifted Operation

The Solenoid Shifted pump has a solenoid operated, air distribution valve in place of the standard pilot operated, air distribution valve. Where a pilot valve is normally utilized to cycle the pump's air distribution valve, an electric solenoid is utilized. The solenoid coil is connected to a customer-supplied control. As the solenoid is powered, one of the pump's air chambers is pressurized while the other chamber is exhausted. When electric power is turned off, the solenoid shifts and the pressurized chamber is exhausted while the other chamber is pressurized. By alternately applying and removing power to the solenoid, the pump cycles much like a standard pump, with one exception. This option provides a way to precisely control and monitor pump speed.

Before Installation

BEFORE WIRING THE SOLENOID, make certain it is compatible with your system voltage.

Solenoid Shifted Air Valve Parts List

(Includes All Items Used on Composite Repair Parts List

Except as Shown)

Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
56	893-097-000	Solenoid Valve, NEMA4	1
57	219-001-000	Solenoid Coil, 24VDC	1
	219-004-000	Solenoid Coil, 24VAC/12VDC	1
	219-002-000	Solenoid Coil, 120VAC	1
	219-003-000	Solenoid Coil, 240VAC	1
58	241-001-000	Connector, Conduit	1
59	170-045-115	Capscrew, Hex HD 5/16-18 x 1.25	4
60	618-051-150	Plug	2
	FM E	C EEX m T4	

For Explosion Proof Solenoid Coils used in North America and

	outside the Eur	opean Union.	
57	219-009-001	Solenoid Coil, 120VAC 60 Hz	1
	219-009-002	Solenoid Coil, 240VAC 60 Hz	1
	219-009-003	Solenoid Coil, 12VDC	1
	219-009-004	Solenoid Coil, 24VDC	1
	219-009-005	Solenoid Coil, 110VAC 50 Hz	1
	219-009-006	Solenoid Coil, 230VAC 50 Hz	1
	Note: Item 58 (C	onduit Connector) is not required	
	or Evalosion Bros	of Colonaid Caila wood in the European II	Inion

For Explosion Proof Solenoid Coils used in the European Union

*Special Conditions For Safe Use

A fuse corresponding to its rated current (max. 3*I_{rat} according IEC 60127-2-1) or a motor protecting switch with short-circuit and thermal instantaneous tripping (set to rated current) shall be connected in series to each solenoid as short circuit protection. For very low rated currents of the solenoid the fuse of lowest current value according to the indicated IEC standard will be sufficient. The fuse may be accommodated in the associated supply unit or shall be separately arranged. The rated voltage to the fuse shall be equal to or greater than the stated rated voltage of the magnet coil. The breakage capacity of the fuse-link shall be as high as or higher than the maximum expected short circuit current at the location of the installation (usually 1500 A). A maximum permissible ripple of 20% is valid for all magnets of direct-current design.



II 2G EEx M c II T5 II 3/2 G Ex M c II T5 II 2D c IP65 T100°C

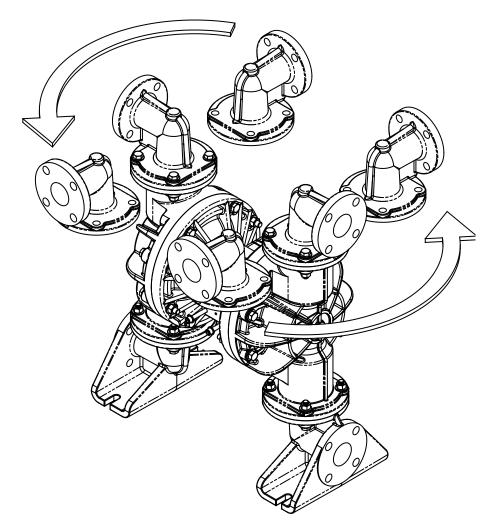
unliant Solonoid Coils us

For ATEX Compliant Sciencia Cons used in the European Union		
219-011-001	Solenoid Coil, Single mounting	
	12 VDC, 3.3W / 267mA	1
219-011-002	Solenoid Coil, Single mounting	
	24 VDC, 3.3W / 136mA	1
219-011-003	Solenoid Coil, Single mounting	
	110/120 VAC, 3.4W / 29mA	1
219-011-004	Solenoid Coil, Single mounting	
	220/240 VAC, 3.4W / 15mA	1
Note: Item 37	(Conduit Connector) is not required	

Compressed Air Temperature Range: Maximum Ambient Temperature to plus 50°C



Dual Port Option



2" ANSI STYLE FLANGE CONNECTION FOUR Ø.78 HOLES ON A Ø4.75 BOLT CIRCLE

DUAL PORTING OPTIONS

Several dual porting options are possible. The pump can be converted to a dual port arrangement on both the suction and the discharge ends. The porting can be configured to a single suction and a dual discharge. The porting can be changed to a dual suction and a single discharge.

The above changes are possible because the porting flange of the elbows are designed to mate with a 2" ANSI Flange Connection.

DUAL PORTING OF BOTH SUCTION AND DISCHARGE ENDS OF THE PUMP

Converting the pump from the standard single suction and discharge porting configuration to dual porting at each end is easy. Simply remove the manifold seals and manifolds from the pump.

The discharge elbows can be rotated in 90° increments and the suction elbows can be rotated in 180° increments (see optional positioning in the Dual Porting Drawing).

SINGLE PORTING OF THE SUCTION AND DUAL PORTING OF THE PUMP DISCHARGE

To convert the pump from the standard single suction and single discharge porting configuration to a dual discharge porting arrangement remove the only the discharge manifolds and manifold seals. Position the discharge elbows in the desired direction at 90° increments. (See arrows and optional positioning in the Dual Porting Drawing.)

DUAL PORTING OF THE SUCTION AND SINGLE PORTING OF THE PUMP DISCHARGE

To convert the pump from the standard single suction and single discharge porting configuration to a dual suction porting arrangement remove the only the suction (bottom) manifolds and manifold seals.

Position the suction elbows in the desired direction at 180° increments. (See arrows and optional positioning in the Dual Porting Drawing.)



IMPORTANT



Read these instructions completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.



Leak Detection Options Drawing

LEAK DETECTION OPTION (ELECTRONIC)

Follow instructions found elsewhere in this manual, "Filling the Spill Prevention Chambers" when installing leak detectors.

Electronic Leak Detector Installation

Kit 032-037-000 100VAC 50Hz

or 110-120VAC 50/60Hz or 220-240VAC 50/60Hz

Kit 032-045-000 12-32VDC

To install electronic leak detectors, remove the bottom $\frac{1}{4}$ " NPT pipe plug on the visual sight tube (item 50). Insert leak detector into the $\frac{1}{4}$ " pipe tee (item 53).

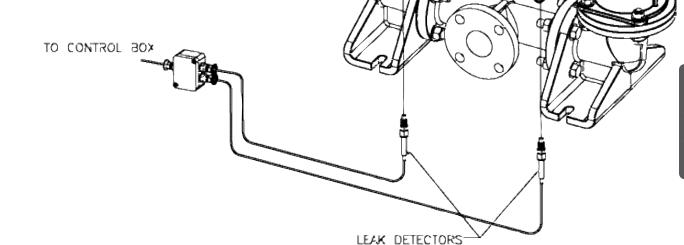
LEAK DETECTION OPTION (MECHANICAL)

Follow instructions found elsewhere in this manual, "Filling the Spill Containment Chambers" when installing leak detectors.

Mechanical Leak Detector Installation

Kit 031-023-110

To install mechanical leak detectors, remove the bottom $\frac{1}{4}$ " NPT pipe plug on the visual sight tube (item 50). Insert leak detector into the $\frac{1}{4}$ " pipe tee (item 53).





5 - YEAR Limited Product Warranty

Warren Rupp, Inc. ("Warren Rupp") warrants to the original end-use purchaser that no product sold by Warren Rupp that bears a Warren Rupp brand shall fail under normal use and service due to a defect in material or workmanship within five years from the date of shipment from Warren Rupp's factory. Warren Rupp brands include Warren Rupp®, SANDPIPER®, SANDPIPER Signature Series[™], MARATHON[®], Porta-Pump[®], SludgeMaster[™] and Tranquilizer[®].

The use of non-OEM replacement parts will void (or negate) agency certifications, including CE, ATEX, CSA, 3A and EC1935 compliance (Food Contact Materials). Warren Rupp, Inc. cannot ensure nor warrant non-OEM parts to meet the stringent requirements of the certifying agencies.

Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer: Warren Rupp, Inc., 800 N. Main Street Mansfield, Ohio, 44902 USA

Certifies that Air-Operated Double Diaphragm Pump Series: HDB, HDF, M Non-Metallic, S Non-Metallic, M Metallic, S Metallic, T Series, G Series, U Series, EH and SH High Pressure, RS Series, W Series, SMA and SPA Submersibles, and Tranquilizer® Surge Suppressors comply with the European Community Directive 2006/42/EC on Machinery, according to Annex VIII. This product has used Harmonized Standard EN809:1998+A1:2009, Pumps and Pump Units for Liquids - Common Safety Requirements, to verify conformance.

Signature of authorized perso

Authorised Representative: **IDEX Pump Technologies** R79 Shannon Industrial Estate Shannon, Co. Clare, Ireland

Attn: Barry McMahon

Revision Level: F

October 20, 2005

Date of issue

Director of Engineering

Title

February 27, 2017 Date of revision





· WARRANTY

WARREN RUPP, INC.

EC / EU Declaration of Conformity

The objective of the declaration described is in conformity with the relevant Union harmonisation legislation: Directive 94/9/EC (until April 19, 2016) and Directive 2014/34/EU (from April 20, 2016).

Manufacturer:

Warren Rupp, Inc. A Unit of IDEX Corportion 800 North Main Street P.O. Box 1568 Mansfield, OH 44902 USA

Applicable Standard:

EN13463-1: 2001 EN13463-5: 2003 EN60079-25: 2004 Harmonised Standard:

EN13463-1: 2009 EN13463-5: 2011 EN60079-25:2010

The harmonised standards have been compared to the applicable standards used for certification purposes and no changes in the state of the art technical knowledge apply to the listed equipment.

AODD Pumps and Surge Suppressors

Technical File No.: 203104000-1410/MER

AODD (Air-Operated Double Diaphragm) Pumps

EC Type Examination Certificate No. Pumps: KEMA 09ATEX0071 X

DEKRA Certification B.V. (0344) Meander 1051 6825 MJ Arnhem The Netherlands

Hazardous Locations Applied:



Tranquilizer®

DATE/APPROVAL/TITLE: 18 March 2016

David Keseberry

David Roseberry, Director of Engineering

